Sheffield Special Educational Needs & Disability (SEND) Support Grid

Sheffield Support Grid Exemplification (SSGe) Document



This support grid uses the official categories of need set out by the Special Educational Needs & Disability (SEND) Code of Practice: 0-25 years (2014) and illustrates the Teaching and Learning Strategies suitable for each. It also indicates the expected support levels to be provided, the identification and assessment tools that may be in place and which other services may be able to help.

The Sheffield Support Grid Exemplification document builds on the original Sheffield Support Grid, which used the idea of Quality First Teaching outlined in the Removing Barriers to Achievement (2004) paper and the National Strategies three waves of intervention model, and provides guidance and strategies sourced from the above and practitioners to support pupils within primary and secondary settings.

As well as the support outlined in this document it is expected that the needs of a child/young person will also be addressed through using the range of support detailed in the Sheffield Local Offer: http://www.sheffielddirectory.org.uk

Contents

С	ategory of Need	Level	Page		Category of Need	Level	Pag
1. Communication and	A. Speech and Language	1	3	4. Sensory and/or Physical	A. Visual Impairment	1	69
Interaction		2	6			2	71
		3	8			3	73
		4	10			4	76
		5	13			5	79
	B. Social Communication (and	1	16		B. Hearing Impairment	1	82
	including those with a	2	19			2	83
	diagnosis of Autism)	3	22			3	84
		4	25			4	86
		5	27			5	88
2. Cognition and	A. Learning	1	29		C. Physical	1	90
Learning		2	31			2	91
		3	33			3	93
		4	35			4	95
		5	37		5 44 H I	5	97
	B. Specific Learning Difficulties	1	38		D. Medical	1	98
	Difficulties	3	40			2	99
			45			3	100
		5	N/A			5	100
3. Social, Emotional	A. Emotional Regulation	1	47			5	100
and Mental Health	A. Elliotional Regulation	2	49				
and Wichtai Ficaltii		3	51				
		4	54				
		5	56				
	B. Mental Health	1	58				
	Di Montai House	2	61				
		3	63				
		4	65				
		5	67				
		_	<u> </u>	_			

1. Communication and Interaction

A: Speech and Language and Communication Needs

Universal Descriptor Level 1

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows low level frequency speech, language and communication difficulties which interrupts learning in some situations. The pupil's needs are met within their mainstream class through quality first teaching.

Mild language delay:

Mild problems in either, or both, understanding and expression. Language following normal patterns of development.

Scores on standardised assessments falling in the 16th centile or above.

In addition, one or more of the following also applies:

Some difficulty communicating verbally with unfamiliar people or in unfamiliar contexts

Occasional difficulties in participating in unfamiliar educational and social activities. Needs encouragement to achieve potential

Occasionally displays mild: distress/ upset/ concern/ frustration/ Observation
Data tracking
Teacher
assessments
Pupil Progress
meetings
Child/Young Person
voice
Parent/carer voice
One Page
Profile/Learner
Profile
ESCAL tracker
ESCAL language
screen (for children

up to F2)

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Noise levels are conducive to learning and unnecessary noise is minimised
- Consideration is given to seating position in order to maximise pupil's attention levels
 - Visual support (signs, symbols, photographs, written word) is consistently used to label the classroom / support routines/ timetable daily activities, so pupils know what to expect and when.
- Adults adapt their language levels to the level of the pupil by:
 - Using simplified grammar and vocabulary
 - Breaking down instructions into smaller steps
 - Slowing down their rate of language
 - Adults use language strategies to enhance pupil's expressive language development by
 - Extending pupil's utterances

Additional advice and support is available from:

SENCo

Class Teacher

Curriculum Leader

Teacher with Learning Responsibility

Prior to transition information from previous provision

Specialist Training:

SLT wave 1 packages

anger/ distress/ embarrassment/withdrawal	 Modifying pupil's language (repeating back pupil's utterances with correct grammar/ vocabulary) Using sentence starters to encourage verbal expression Children in KS1 are explicitly taught how to listen and work together in groups Opportunities are built in throughout the day for pupils to communicate verbally.
	materials by presentation, outcome, timing, scaffolding and additional resources Differentiated questioning and targeted simplified level/pace/amount of teacher talk Alternative forms of recording routinely used Use of visual, auditory and kinaesthetic approaches Small steps approaches Resources and displays that support independence Routine feedback to pupil Advice from Speech and Language Therapy (if involved) is included in the planning Environmental considerations are made to meet the needs of all pupils e.g. seating position, noise, personal space and classroom layouts, displays and signage.
	The class/subject teacher is accountable for the progress of the pupils within the mainstream class, either as the whole class or small group, or within an appropriate band/set. Curriculum tasks should be modified as required.

The pupil accesses whole class teaching with
some assistant support, either as the whole class
or small group.
All pupils have access and are supported by the
class teacher and any assistants over the week.
Resources:
 Visual support (signs, symbols, photographs, written word) is consistently used to label the classroom / support routines/ timetable daily activities. Alternative forms of recording routinely used

Targeted Descriptor Level 2

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows low level frequency speech, language and communication difficulties which interrupts learning in some situations. The pupil's needs are met though their mainstream class through the use of QFT and the use of positive, personalised targeted strategies through school led intervention.

Moderate language delay:

moderate problems in either, or both, understanding and expression.

Standardised scores on formal assessments fall below 9th centile in at least one area.

In addition, one or more of the following also applies:

Some difficulty communicating verbally

Needs some cues and adult assistance or extra time when conveying information beyond basic needs

Occasional difficulties in participating in unfamiliar educational and social activities. Needs support to achieve potential

As for Level 1 whilst including -Observation Child/Young Person voice Parent/Carer voice (may include a structured conversation) Assess, Plan, Do, Review through a monitoring system should be in place to assess pupil's need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress One Page Profile / Learner Profile ESCAL tracker

As level 1 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Pre and post tutoring is used to enable the pupil to engage with learning in the classroom
- Pre learning of vocabulary combined with visuals to support this learning in classrooms
- Consideration of time needed to process language
- Advice from Speech and Language Therapy (if involved) is included in the planning

Grouping:

- Pupil accesses appropriate wave 2 language intervention e.g. LEAP, NIP, VIP, Stories for Talking , or appropriate small groups or sets
- Teacher is aware of the learning taking place in the intervention group and this feeds back into their planning e.g. language is supported back in class, through literacy objectives and activities

Additional advice and support is available from: SENCo

Pastoral staff

Speech and Language Therapist team

Specialist Training: SLT wave 1 packages

Referral to Speech and Language Therapy for individual 1:1 therapy may be appropriate for pupils who have

Frequently displays mild distress/ upset/ concern/ frustration/ anger/ embarrassment/withdrawal Occasionally needs external support to assist emotional control.	ESCAL language screen (for children up to F2) Wave 2 screening assessments (LEAP, VIP, NIP)	 Resources: Pre and post tutoring is used to enable the pupil to engage with learning in the classroom. Visual support (signs, symbols, photographs, written word) to support understanding of curriculum specific language. Copies sent home. Adult support for learning as required. 	specific speech and language needs in addition to their difficulties due to ASC and learning/cognitive skills.
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Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows moderate to severe difficulties with expressive and/or receptive language that affects access to the curriculum. The pupil's needs are met using a combination of approaches (Including small group interventions and 1:1 individualised support in and out of the classroom) following support and advice from other professionals as appropriate. At Secondary this student may be following a different curriculum pathway.

Severe language delay / moderate language disorder:

Severe/moderate problems in either, or both, understanding and expression.

Standardised scores on formal assessments fall below 5th centile in at least one area.

In addition, one or more of the following also applies:

Frequent difficulty communicating verbally beyond basic needs.
Frequently relies on a trained listener

or family members for expressing themselves out of context.

Frequent difficulties participating

in social activities in unfamiliar contexts or with unfamiliar people. Frequent difficulties participating

As for Level 1 and 2 whilst including -Observation Child/Young Person voice Parent/carer voice (may include a structured conversation). Multi agency planning, Outside Agency advice and recommendations are followed Access arrangements considered Assess, Plan, Do, Review using SEN **Documents** regularly reviewed

As level 1 and 2 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Teaching staff should have knowledge of the pupil's language profile and impact on learning, behaviour and social interaction.
- The class/subject teacher is accountable for the progress of the pupils within the mainstream class.
 Curriculum tasks should be modified as required.
- Enhanced use of visual support for language and learning e.g. Shape Coding, Makaton, Cued Articulation, vocabulary mats

Grouping:

The pupil will access a variety of support over the week:

- whole class teaching, incorporating wave 1 strategies.
- small group support, including access to wave 2 language interventions where appropriate
- individualised 1:1 support working on personalised targets as advised by the Speech and Language

Additional advice and support is available from:

Educational
Psychology Service
Speech and Language
Therapy

Learning Support Service

Early Years Inclusion Team

Specialist Training:

DLD central packages from SLT

SLT wave 1 packages

independently in unfamiliar educational activities Occasionally shows moderate Distress/ upset/ concern/ frustration/ anger/ distress/embarrassment/ withdrawal Emotional encouragement and support required	A My Plan may be in place to draw together information, advice, aspirations and planned outcomes Speech and Language Therapy Assessments	Therapy team. Where specific language targets have been set, 1:1 time needs to be allocated for 20 minutes, 2 to 3 times weekly. Resources: • Access to Speech and Language Therapy to monitor progress, set appropriate targets, and offer guidance to teaching staff. • An appropriate level of adult support to work towards specific targets • Adult support in class to transfer and generalise language skills learnt in 1:1 environment • Strategies and resources to develop of independence. • Resources may include shape coding sentence makers. • Identification of any specific training needs for staff	School / settings can buy in additional bespoke training for specific pupils from SLT
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Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows severe difficulties with expressive and/or receptive language that affects access to the curriculum. The pupil's needs are met by working on an individual, bespoke curriculum and so has a highly personalised timetable that includes time spent away from the mainstream class. The pupil is able to access the classroom for limited periods where they are able to experience success supported by a member of staff. Planned opportunities are provided for the pupil to be included with peers where the pupil is able to experience success.

Severe language disorder: Severe problems usually involving both understanding and expression, although one area may be more profoundly affected.

Standardised scores will fall below the 1st centile in at least one area of expression or understanding.

Pupil may be unable to engage

with formal assessments. In addition, one or more of the following also applies:

Constant difficulty
communicating verbally
beyond basic needs. Occasional difficulties communicating basic needs. Frequently relies on a trained listener or family members for expressing

themselves in any context.

As for levels 1.2 and 3 whilst also including -Observation Child/Young Person voice Parent/carer voice (may include a structured conversation). Outside agencies' advice and recommendations followed A My Plan or EHCP may be in place to recognise the pupil's needs and provision required to meet them **Consider Access** arrangements

As level 1, 2 and 3 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate:

- Adapted or bespoke curriculum
- Teaching of independent life skills
- Focus on functional communication skills where appropriate
- Emphasis on language, communication and interaction being the focus of an adapted curriculum and integrated into all learning and social opportunities
- Extensive use of individual visual support in all areas of the curriculum eg signing, timetables, vocabulary dictionaries, workstations, resources and rewards to enhance learning and develop independence
- All verbal communication used by staff, to be supported visually using gesture, sign, modelling, objects, photos and/or symbols
- Teaching delivered at a simple level and slower pace, with frequent repetition and over learning
- Curriculum delivered through structured practical experiential learning opportunities
- Pre teaching and over learning of vocabulary
- Availability of alternative methods of recording written work e.g. Dictaphones, laptop, symbols, shapecoding

Additional advice and support is available from:

Educational
Psychology Service
Speech and
Language Therapy

Specialist Training: DLD central packages from SLT

School/settings can buy in additional bespoke training for specific pupils from SLT

Frequent difficulties
participating in social activities,
even with familiar people and
contexts. Frequent difficulties
participating independently in
educational activities.

Frequently displays moderate distress / upset / concern / frustration / anger / embarrassment / withdrawal

Multi agency planning Speech and Language Therapy Assessments

- Likely to benefit from a Total Communication approach which values any effective means of communication, e.g. sign, gesture, body language, objects, photos etc.
- Alternative communication systems to support expressive communication (low or high tech). This may include object based systems, photos, text or symbols
- Provision to meet additional sensory and / or motor needs as appropriate
- Emphasis on social communication and social skills development (with specialist advice)
- Support in unstructured learning environments and break / lunchtimes
- Daily access to staff who are skilled in supporting emotional regulation through the use of visual support, AAC, resources and motivators
- A structured approach to emotional support from others is required

Grouping:

- An alternative curriculum may be appropriate (due to difficulties with either language and/ or communication, social skills, and sensory needs) delivered in an adapted educational setting as recommended by appropriate specialist services
- The pupil accesses small group and/or individualised support, to work on targets as advised by Speech and Language Therapy
- Access to regular support to develop social skills and support emotional regulation
- Planned time for small group and individual working with some light touch adult support, to support independent learning

Planned time for small group and individual working with intensive adult support, to work on curriculum and additional language / communication skills eg. vocabulary, comprehension, inference, grammar or tailored AAC (and possibly speech – see speech / phonology grid) guided by external professionals e.g. Speech and Language Therapists Access to daily group and individual support to extend social skills, social interaction and social use of language Resources: Additional adults support the pupil individually under the direction of the teacher to: Work on modified curriculum tasks (additional time needed to prepare resources including visual support to enhance access to learning) Embed language learning and generalise new skills into functional and curriculum activities Access for teaching staff to appropriate resources, guidance and support from specialist staff, in order to carry out specific interventions	
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Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows profound difficulties with expressive and/or receptive language that affects access to the curriculum. The pupil's needs are met by working on a completely individual, bespoke curriculum and so they have a highly personalised timetable that necessitates 1:1 support to work towards specific, Outside Agency practitioner set targets. The pupil is able to access the classroom for limited periods where they are able to experience success supported by a member of staff. Planned opportunities are provided for the pupil to be included with peers where the pupil is able to experience success.

Profound language disorder:

Profound problems are evident in both understanding and expressive language, although one area may be more profoundly affected.

Standardised test scores fall below the first centile in all areas of language assessment.

Pupil may be unable to engage with formal assessments.

In addition, one or more of the following also applies:

Minimal functional communication limited to

requiring tailored use of AAC. Constant dependence on trained / familiar communication partner.

expressing basic needs, usually

Evaluated support plan Outside agencies' advice and recommendations. if involved Consider Access arrangements Multi agency planning 'Closing the gap' document A monitoring system should be in place to assess CYP need. identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress. for example an IEP or One Page Profile.

Planned regular, i.e. at least termly reviews including the

In most cases there will be evidence of a graduated approach from level 3 to level 5* showing that ALL avenues of adjustment to provision have been considered. This would include accessing the Locality High Needs SEND Funding and Local Offer.

*not including new starters to school or rapid escalation in presentation

There is agreement between professionals (Educational Psychology Service, Locality SENCO, Local Authority SEND Manager etc.) that the pupil's needs and provision in place constitute a Level 5.

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Adapted and bespoke curriculum
- Teaching of independent life skills
- Focus on functional communication skills and early communication skills where appropriate i.e. attention and listening, turn taking, etc.
- Emphasis on communication, language and interaction being the focus of an adapted curriculum and integrated into all learning and social opportunities

Additional advice and support is available from:

Educational
Psychology Service
Speech and
Language Therapy

Learning Support Service

Specialist Training:

DLD central packages from SLT School/ settings can buy in additional bespoke training from SLT for specific pupil

Referral to speech and language therapy for individual 1:1 assessment and

Profound difficulties participating in educational and social activities. parent and pupil should take place	Extensive use of multisensory support to access learning e.g. objects of reference, tactile cues, auditory cues, olfactory cues and visual cues advice regal intervention	_
Frequently displays high distress/ upset/ concern/ frustration/ anger/ embarrassment/ withdrawal Unable to express or control emotions appropriately. Difficulties responding to external support to control emotions. A tailored and structured approach to emotional support is required. A My Plan or EHCP may be in place to recognise the pupil's needs and provision required to meet them Speech and Language Therapy Assessments and other involved practitioners	 All verbal communication used by staff, to be supported visually using gesture, sign, modelling, objects, photos and/or symbols. Teaching delivered at a simple level and slower pace, with frequent repetition and over learning Curriculum delivered through structured practical experiential learning opportunities Pre teaching and over learning of vocabulary Availability of alternative methods of recording written learning e.g. symbols, videos, photos Requires a Total Communication approach which values any effective means of communication e.g. facial expression, body language, eye pointing, sign, pointing, objects, gesture, photos, etc. Alternative communication systems to support expressive communication (low or high tech). This may include object based systems, photos or symbols. This may include alternative methods to participate in education or social tasks i.e. switches, eye gaze, etc Provision to meet additional sensory and / or motor needs as appropriate Emphasis on social communication and social skills development (with specialist advice) Support in unstructured learning environments and break / lunchtimes 	

Daily access to staff who are skilled in supporting emotional regulation through the use of visual support, AAC, resources and motivators

Grouping:

- An alternative curriculum is appropriate (due to difficulties with either language and/ or communication, social skills, and sensory needs) delivered in an adapted educational setting as recommended by appropriate specialist services
- The pupil accesses small group and individualised support, with Speech and Language targets integrated into their daily routine
- Access to regular support to develop social skills and support emotional regulation
- Planned time for small group and individual working with some light touch adult support, to support independent learning
- Planned time for small group and individual working with intensive adult support, to work on communication and interaction e.g. Intensive Interaction, PECS, Attention Autism, use of AAC, guided by external professionals e.g. Speech and Language Therapists

Resources:

Additional adults support the pupil individually under the direction of the teacher to:

- Work on modified curriculum tasks (additional time needed to prepare resources incl visual support to enhance access to learning)
- Embed language learning and communication into functional and curriculum activities
- Encourage independence
- Access for teaching staff to appropriate resources, training, guidance and support from specialist staff, in order to carry out specific interventions.

1.Communication and Interaction

B: Social Communication & Autism Spectrum

Universal	Descri	ptor
Level 1		

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows low level frequency social and communication interaction difficulties which interrupts learning in some situations. The pupil's needs are met within their mainstream class through quality first teaching.

Difficulty making and keeping friends / loner/ has 'key' friends
Okay with adults
Possible low level behaviours
"Quirky"
Conforming – but reported to be unhappy after school
Quiet or passive in nature

Withdrawn

Some identifiable sensory needs 'Meltdowns'
Signs of anxiety
Frequency of sickness reported – may be related to anxiety rather than poor health Difficulties maintaining eye contact Mild difficulties with social communication and getting along with people Some inflexibility or rigidity in thinking which affects learning & may affect being a member of a group in some contexts May have limited interest in pretend and imaginative play

Careful observation in a range of contexts Data tracking Teacher assessments Pupil Progress meetings Child/Young Person voice Parent/carer voice (may include a structured conversation). School and class based monitoring system to assess pupil's need and progress. One Page Profile/Learner Profile

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Make reasonable adjustments re: classroom environment e.g. displays, furniture and possible workstation.
- Pupil is given additional warning to prepare for unexpected changes to the class timetable
- Have spaces to support sensory needs; offer a range of sensory equipment e.g. stress balls, fiddle toys, classroom jobs, movement opportunities etc.
- Seating consideration
- Consistency amongst staff include rewards, sanctions, routine, language and approach
- Breaking instructions down at a whole class level
- Limiting language speed of delivery, vocabulary, duration of delivery
- Use of name specific instructions
- Involvement of pupil and family in developing strategies
- Specific communication, e.g. concrete positive instructions, praise for specific action, clearly defined expectations

Additional advice and support is available from:

SENCo

Pastoral Team

Consultation with other colleagues in school

Learning Mentors

Head of Year

Pupil and parent voice

Mild difficulty with understanding language and communicating	 Differentiated of questioning and targeted simplified level/pace/amount of teacher talk as part of a whole class approach Use of visual, auditory and kinaesthetic approaches Whole class resources and displays that support independence Routine feedback to pupil as part of a whole class approach Differentiation needed in some subject areas Emphasis should be placed on developing social and communication skills Awareness of the potential need for guidance and support re: social communication and sensory issues Resources and structured opportunities to develop communication skills e.g. communication mats, choice boards. Social understanding and social behaviour: PSHE / Circle Time / Philosophy for Children to address social issues. Teach and model explicit social behaviour in natural real life contexts. Visual cues and prompt cards to encourage desired behaviours. Opportunities to develop collaborative group / paired working, use of structure, visual support and carefully allocated roles e.g. Lego Therapy, Talking Partners. Break times / Unstructured times – peer systems, lunchtime clubs etc.
	Grouping: The pupil accesses whole class teaching with some TA support, either as the whole class or small group All pupils have access and are supported by the class teacher and any assistants over the week

 Some consideration is given to supporting the pupil to access social situations Some adult support for learning as required Environmental considerations are made to meet the needs of all pupils e.g. seating position, noise, personal space and classroom layouts, displays and signage
Resources: • Whole class visible timetable – prompts – checklists - plan of the day • Offer a range of sensory equipment e.g. stress balls • Use of 'twiddle items' in learning times.

Targeted Descriptor Level 2

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows low level frequency social and communication interaction difficulties which interrupts learning in some situations. The pupil's needs are met though their mainstream class through the use of QFT and the use of positive, personalised targeted strategies and school led intervention.

As Level 1 whilst also including –
Difficulty making relationships with peers
Comfortable with familiar adults
Frequent behaviours observed:
Some difficulty conforming during parts of
the school day
Likely difficulties reported from home
Withdrawn/Insular, pupil may appear
passive or non-verbal

Some identifiable sensory needs 'Meltdowns' Anxiety behaviours are displayed e.g. timings, staffing, routines Some inflexible or rigidity in thinking i.e. a need to complete an activity in a certain way, a need to know changes in advance Avoidance of eye contact Difficulties with social communication and getting along with people i.e. driven by own interests, egocentric in own thinking Some rigidity of thoughts which affects learning & affecting being a member of a group in some contexts Moderate difficulty with understanding language and communicating

Child/Young Person voice, e.g. using Talking Mats Parent/carer voice (may include a structured conversation). Assess, Plan, Do, Review through a monitoring system should be in place to assess pupil's need, identify outcomes. implement support and monitor and evaluate progress One Page Profile / Learner Profile Sensory checklist

AET Progression Framework

Locke and Beech

SCERTS

As Level 1 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- The pupil requires a predictable environment and routine
- Pupil is given additional warning to prepare for unexpected changes to the timetable
- Make reasonable adjustments re: classroom environment e.g. displays, furniture and possible workstation.
- Have spaces to support sensory needs; offer a range of sensory equipment e.g. stress balls, fiddle toys, classroom jobs, movement opportunities etc.
- Personalised visual timetable prompts checklists plan of the day
- Quiet space available time out cards / lunch passes
- Seating consideration
- Consistency amongst staff include rewards, sanctions, routine, language and approach
- May recognise and report on individual success on at least a weekly basis
- Limiting language speed of delivery, vocabulary, duration of delivery
- Use Social Stories, Comic Strip Conversations and Power Cards, Use of name - specific instructions
- Use of 'twiddle items' in learning times
- Involvement of pupil and family in developing strategies

Additional advice and support is available from:

SENCo

Pastoral Team

Speech and Language Therapy

Ryegate

Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS)

Sheffield Education ASD Team Helpline

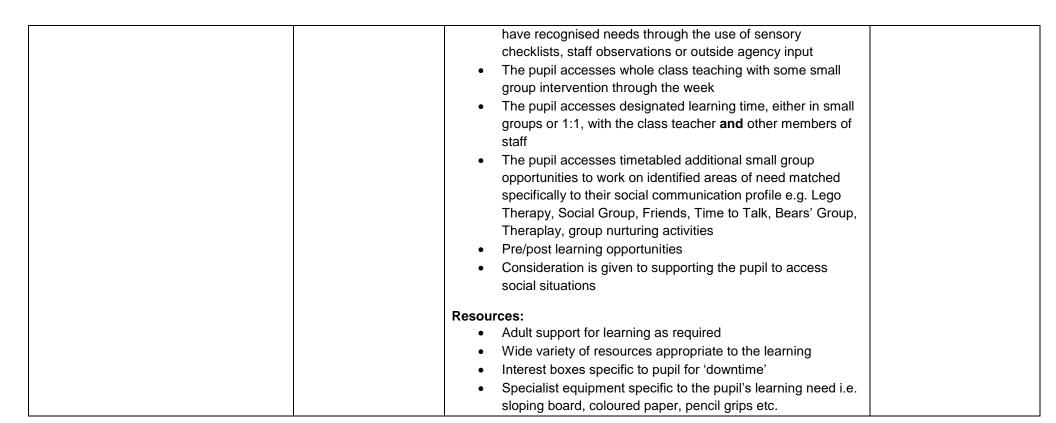
Autism Team MAST

Appears highly verbal but requires visual
support to understand language
Responds to simple instructions in
context/uses simple language to express
needs/sustains listening concentration for
short periods
Being quite literate in interpreting
situations
Prefers to play alone
May have limited interest in pretend and
imaginative play, tending to focus on their
own choice of activities
Difficulties with understanding other
people's feelings
- · ·

- Specific communication, e.g. concrete positive instructions, praise for completing a specific action, using clearly defined expectations
- Use of pupil's special interests as motivation
- Increased differentiation of activities and materials by presentation, outcome, timing, scaffolding and additional resources
- Differentiated questioning and targeted simplified level/pace/amount of teacher talk, paying specific attention to limiting the use of euphemism's, similes, sarcasm, metaphors
- Alternative forms of recording routinely used
- Small steps approaches
- Pupil is provided with personalised resources and displays that support independence e.g. on desk, lanyard, visual reminders, timers, rewards
- Sensory breaks and use of alternative spaces are built into the timetable to respond to anxieties and overstimulation e.g. use of lunchtime club
- Routine feedback to pupil
- Differentiation needed in **some** subject areas
- Emphasis should be placed on developing social and communication skills
- Access to appropriate resources, e.g. to facilitate emotional expression and regulation
- Classroom staff provide guidance and focus support regarding social communication and sensory issues
- Key staff in school are given regular updates on needs and strategies for the pupil e.g. MDS, Supply staff, TAs, office staff, cover supervisors

Grouping:

 Environmental considerations are made to meet the known needs the pupil e.g. seating position, noise, personal space and classroom layouts, displays and signage. Staff may



Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows frequent social, communication and interaction difficulties which interrupt their own and possibly others learning in a range of situations. The pupil's needs are met using a combination of approaches, including small group interventions and 1:1 individualised support in and out of the classroom, following support, guidance and advice from other professionals as appropriate.

As Level 1 and 2, may also include – Co-occurring difficulties / Neuro diverse needs, e.g. co-ordination difficulties, attention difficulties

Additional speech and language difficulties More prominent sensory needs Additional family difficulties / situation may impact on the pupil

More intensive rigidity / single mindedness Has persistent patterns of behaviour that interfere with their ability to learn Difficulties with change in routine or in response to expectations, even with

forewarning Struggle to make / maintain relationships with adults/peers

Unable to instigate positive peer interactions May have intense or obsessional friendships / relationships

High anxiety manifested in avoidance or stress indicators often leading to challenging behaviour

Experiences 'meltdown' regularly Can be literal in their interpretation of situations

Prefers to play alone and tends to focus on own choice of activities

Limited interest in pretend and imaginative play – prefers concrete and repetitive activitiesHas difficulty understanding other people's feelings

Finds change difficult to cope with

Personalised targets will be informed by Outside Agency involvement, professional judgement and a thorough, holistic assessment of a pupil's learning profile.

Evaluated support plan Outside agency advice and recommendations Access arrangements considered Multi Agency Planning Assess, Plan, Do, Review using SEN Documents regularly reviewed A My Plan may be in place to draw together information, advice. aspirations and planned outcomes Use of high quality assessment tools that are regularly reviewed:

Locke and Beech

As Level 1 and 2 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should have considered and implemented as appropriate

- The pupil requires a predictable environment and routine within a highly structured curriculum
- Pupil is given additional warning and support to prepare for unexpected changes to the timetable
- Timetabled regular (at least 3 x weekly) support from pastoral staff working on specific personalised targets i.e. there is an emphasis on this pupil within a group or they receive 1:1 support under the direction of the teacher
- Advice implemented on Social Communication Difficulties from appropriate professionals
- Outcomes set to ensure pupils social communication skills are developed
- Adjustment to uniform if required
- Access arrangements including reasonable adjustments to timetables, meeting and greeting, time out passes, lunch pass etc.
- Use Social Stories, Comic Strip Conversations and Power Cards
- Personalised access arrangements are used (e.g. 5 point scale or emotion cards) to indicate feelings, avoidance of known trigger points, amendments to toileting support etc.
- The teacher takes responsibilities for supporting others to devise deliver and evaluate a personalised programme that accelerates learning.
- On-going opportunities for individual learning support from the class teacher and other staff directed by the

Additional advice and lable from:

Sheffield Education ASD Team Helpline

Autism Team

MAST

Learning Support Service

Educational Psychology Service

Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS)

Ryegate

Centenary House

Speech and Language Therapy Team (SALT)

Has sensory issues such as over-sensitivity
to noise
Pupil shows signs of stress and anxiety
Possible mental health difficulties
Consistent difficulty with understanding
language and communicating
Pupil's language difficulties affect curriculum
access, indicated by attainments below
expected level, and poor social relationships
e.g. appears highly verbal but requires visual
support to understand language
The pupil's ability to communicate effectively
may fluctuate depending on their level of
emotional regulation

AET	Progression
Fram	nework

B Squared / Pivats

SCERTS

Boxall Profile

Basket of Assessment Approach including: MAPP Routes for Learning, Assessing and Developing Communication and Thinking Skills in people with Autism and Communication Difficulties (Kate Silver) The Social Play Record (Chris White)

- teacher focused on specific targets with reinforcement in whole class activities to aid transfer of skills
- Further modification of level, pace, amount of teacher talk to address pupils' identified need
- Personal Handling Plan/Positive Handling Plan to identify de-escalation techniques
- Risk assessments to identify and address possible areas of risk for the pupil

Grouping:

- The pupil will access a variety of support over the week including whole class teaching, small group support and individualised support working on personalised targets matched to their social communication profile to enable them to access the curriculum e.g. Circle of Friends, Theraplay, Attention Autism, where the pupil's need is the focus for the session etc.
- The pupil accesses designated learning time, either in small groups or 1:1, with the class teacher and other members of staff.
- Pre / post learning opportunities
- Awareness of the potential need for guidance and support to develop specific interventions re: social communication and sensory issues
- Sensory breaks built into the timetable to respond to anxieties and over stimulation
- Some adult support for learning and to aid the development of positive relationships
- Pre and post tutoring is used to enable the pupil to engage with learning in the classroom

Resources:

 Personalised visual timetable for extended periods of time e.g. half day session or whole day as appropriate to the pupil

 Alternative ways of recording include electronic devices may be appropriate There will be a need for very structured and multi-sensory approaches to learning including task board, adult supported use of Now/Then prompts, start / finish boxes, busy box, task reward Enhanced and targeted opportunities to use technological aids Use of visual reminders, timers, resources and rewards to develop independence
Consideration will need to be made to support the pupil during periods of change e.g. Christmas, Sports Day, off timetable events, trips.

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil consistently shows difficulties which are linked to their communication and interaction difficulties which impact on their ability to access a learning environment without highly personalised support. The pupil's needs are met through an individual, bespoke curriculum which is highly personalised. The pupil is able to access the classroom for limited periods, where they are able to experience success through planned opportunities alongside their peers supported by a member of staff.

As Level 1, 2 and 3 may also include – Doesn't have the skills to be part of a group or form meaningful friendships Preference for concrete and repetitive activities

Is very susceptible to sensory triggers, which regularly leads to challenging behaviour

School environment difficult to manage e.g. where a pupil has an extreme anxiety / sensory need

Needs a highly bespoke package to enable the pupil to cope with daily demands

The pupil may see school as a threatening environment on a daily basis which leads to them being dysregulated prior to arrival Possible mental health difficulties Significant 'meltdowns' at home are reported. Family have to make significant adaptations to manage home life

Significant difficulties with receptive and / or expressive language leading to challenging or very passive behaviours when needs cannot be communicated Pupil uses a combination of verbal and alternative communication to meet their basic needs

As for Levels 1, 2 and 3 whilst also including

Outside agency advice and recommendations Multi agency planning Multi-Element Plan (EPS led) Positive Handling Plan or similar personal plan and risk assessment agreed with parents / carers

Sensory checklist

A My Plan or EHCP may be in place to recognise the pupil's needs and provision required to meet them The pupil's needs are identified and known by staff working in school, agreed by parents and recorded on a detailed and shared plan e.g. PHP or risk assessment.

As Level 1, 2 and 3 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff implement a highly bespoke package of support that includes

- Teaching approaches that place a high emphasis on direct training, are very finely graded and offer practical tasks which provide opportunities to make progress towards planned outcomes
- Opportunities are frequent, repeated and reviewed
- Additional adults support the pupil individually, under the direction of the teacher and other key staff to:
 - work on highly modified curriculum tasks when working with the whole class
 - access significant amount of sessions of individual support across each day
 - encourage independence
- Opportunities for successful peer to peer interaction
- Tasks will be short in duration and may be reward led
- Sensory breaks will be a part of the pupil's day as identified
- Accommodation where possible is made to meet the pupil's individual sensory profile
- The curriculum places an emphasis on identified holistic outcomes
- Personalised access arrangements are used (e.g. 5 point scale or emotion cards) to indicate feelings, avoidance of known trigger points, amendments to toileting support etc.

Additional advice and support is available from:

Local Authority SEND Manager / Officer

Sheffield Education ASD Team Helpline

MAST

Autism Team

Learning Support Service

Educational Psychology Service

Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS)

Ryegate Children's Centre

Centenary House

Speech and Language Therapy Team (SALT) Ability to communicate effectively may fluctuate depending on their level of emotional regulation
Language impairment affects access to all aspects of the curriculum
Very slow response to verbal stimuli, low retention of abstract concepts
Struggles to appreciate the needs of the listener and is egocentric
Has rigid thought processes and routines that affect all aspects of school life

• Support is required during social times to make links with peers

Grouping:

- The pupil will access support in high adult to child ratio groups or 1:1 e.g. Attention Autism, 2:1 Theraplay/Nurture activities, Positive Play, PECS focused sessions, 1:1 Friends, Intensive Interaction etc.
- Working on an individual, bespoke curriculum and so has an individual timetable that includes planned time within the mainstream class, to enable the pupil to access the classroom for limited periods alongside a member of staff where they are able to experience success.

Resources:

- Effective use of individual visual timetable per session or activity e.g. start/finish, now/then which does require support to implement
- Alternative Communication systems e.g. PECS, Makaton may be considered
- Possible access to alternative provision to explore

Transitions: thorough and timely preparations made for transition, both between year groups and between settings

Consideration will need to be made to support the pupil during periods of change e.g. Christmas, Sports Day, off timetable events, trips.

There is agreement between professionals (EPS, Local Authority SEND Manager) that the pupil's needs and provision in place constitute a Level 4.

Identification **Bespoke Descriptor Teaching and Learning** Level 5 Strategies, Resources and and **Physical Environment** Assessment The pupil shows severe and persistent communication and interaction difficulties which impact on their ability to safely access a learning environment without continual bespoke, personalised support. The pupil's needs are met through constant support to access a flexible and responsive timetable planned to meet specific outcomes agreed by specialist outside agencies, parents, pupil (where appropriate), Locality Authority SEN Manager and school staff. The child accesses a fully personalised timetable alongside a highly skilled member of staff. As Level 1, 2, 3 and 4 may also include -Adjustments to As for Levels 1, 2, 3 and Additional advice and Socially isolated or regular conflict with peers / staff Teaching Methods: support is available Highly susceptible to sensory triggers which consistently lead to challenging behaviour Staff should have from: which puts themselves and others at risk considered and Assessment of needs. The school environment provokes extreme behaviours linked to sensory and anxiety progress and setting of implemented, as Locality SEND led needs next steps will be appropriate. Manager/Officer collaborative in nature approaches from Level Extreme anxiety has led to school refusal despite a highly personalised and with school staff working 1. 2. 3 and 4. Autism Team appropriate offer of provision alongside the family and Outside Agency Learning Support Service In most cases* there Needs a flexible and responsive package of 1:1 support to enable the pupil to cope professionals (including will be evidence of a with daily demands Health and Care graduated approach Educational Psychology colleagues where through the grid Service Mental health difficulties Family have had to make significant adaptations to manage home life levels, and that from appropriate) Significant difficulties with receptive and/or expressive language leading to challenging Positive Handling Plan Level 4 to Level 5 it Child and Adolescent or very passive behaviours when needs cannot be communicated or similar personal plan can be shown that Mental Health Service Pupil may communicate non-verbally using behaviour and body language, an adult ALL avenues of and risk assessment (CAMHS) may need to interpret the child's behaviour to understand their needs agreed with parents / adjustment to Language impairment affects access to all aspects of the curriculum provision have been carers Very slow response to verbal stimuli, low retention of abstract concepts considered and Ryegate Cannot appreciate the needs of the listener and is egocentric An EHCP may be in attempted (where Has rigid thought processes and routines that affect all aspects of school life place to recognise the appropriate) Centenary House pupil's needs and alongside support provision required to from Outside Agency Speech and Language

meet them

professionals in a

planned, sustained and reviewed manner. This would normally include accessing the Therapy Team (SALT)

Locality High Needs SEND Funding and Local Offer.	
*not including new starters to school or rapid escalation in presentation.	
There is agreement between professionals (EP, Locality SENCO, SEND Manager etc.) that the pupil's needs and provision in place constitute a Level 5.	

2.Cognition and Learning

A: General Learning Difficulties

Universal Descriptor	Identification	Teaching and Learning			
Level 1	and	Strategies, Resources and Physical E	nvironment		
	Assessment				
The pupil shows some low level learning needs which affect their learning in some situations. Their needs are met through their mainstream classroom through Quality First Teaching approaches, accessing whole class learning with occasional some support from staff in class. Some difficulties in the acquisition and / or Observation Adjustments to Teaching Methods: Additional advice and					
use of language, literacy and numeracy skills Some difficulties with adaptive behaviour and social skills, e.g. can seem immature when compared to peers Can show lack of concentration in lessons Suspected memory difficulties Possible low level behaviour problems and / or work avoidance Some signs of disorganisation	Data tracking showing slow progress in the acquisition of language, literacy and numeracy Teacher assessments Pupil Progress meetings Child / Young Person voice Parent / carer voice One Page Profile / Learner Profile	 Pupil is part of whole class learning and provided with resources and scaffolding to achieve the objectives independently e.g. checklists, memory aids etc Expectations on outcomes and timings to complete tasks are considered Targeted simplified level / pace / amount of teacher talk with consideration given to questions asked as part of a whole class approach Alternative forms of recording occasionally used as part of whole class teaching Use of visual, audial and kinaesthetic approaches are regularly used Breaking instructions down at a whole class level Routine feedback to pupil as part of a whole class approach Differentiation needed in some subject areas 	support is available from: SENCo Pastoral Team Curriculum / Year Group Leader Teacher with Learning Responsibility Prior to transition information from previous provision		
		 Access to appropriate resources Possible adjustments made to homework tasks Grouping:			

 The pupil accesses whole class teaching possibly with some TA support, either as the whole class or small group, or within an appropriate band/set All pupils have access and are supported by the class teacher(s) and any teaching / learning assistants over the week
Make reasonable adjustments to support access to tasks e.g. word banks, number friezes, number lines etc Whole class resources and displays that support independence

Targeted Descriptor Level 2

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows low level learning difficulties which affects their access to the curriculum and may be working up to 1 year below Age Related Expectations in attainment. The pupil is able to access whole class learning with some small group/focus intervention work support to ensure the gap between them and their peers does not widen. The pupil's needs are met through Quality First Teaching with the use of targeted strategies and school led intervention, e.g. booster programmes or focus interventions.

Working up to 1 year below Age Related Expectations (ARE) in attainment

Some difficulties in the acquisition and/or use of language, literacy and numeracy skills

Lack of concentration in some lessons

Suspected memory difficulties

Possible low level behaviour problems and/or work avoidance

May find it difficult to follow lengthy (more than 2 or 3-step) instructions and routines

Support needed to organise resources or new activities

Difficulties with adaptive behaviour and social skills, e.g. can seem immature when compared to peers

As for level 1 whilst including -Observation Parent / carer / child voice (may include a structured conversation) Assess, Plan, Do. Review through a monitoring system should be in place to assess pupil's need, identify outcomes. implement support and monitor and evaluate progress Learning profile begins to be unpicked through teacher and SENCo assessment, e.g. Lexia screening, WRAT, Sandwell Maths Assessment

As for level 1 whilst also including – **Adjustments to Teaching Methods:**

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Make explicit links made between interventions and whole class work
- Pre / post learning opportunities are regularly built in for the pupil
- Repetition and reinforcement of whole class objectives will be needed
- Alternative forms of recording used to enable the pupil to access tasks and achieve objectives
- Clear instructions are given in small and manageable chunks
- Instructions may need to be repeated a few times
- Immediate feedback to pupil to facilitate further learning
- Differentiation needed in all subject areas
- Adjustments made to homework tasks

Grouping:

- The pupil accesses whole class teaching with some small group/ intervention through the week
- The pupil accesses designated learning time, in small groups or sets with the class teacher and other members of staff

Additional advice and support is available from:

SENCO

Pastoral staff

Advice / consultation/ possible referral to:

Early Years Inclusion Team

Learning Support Service / Specialist Teachers

Speech and Language Therapy

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The pupil accesses timetabled additional small group/setted opportunities to work on identified areas of need matched specifically to their learning profile e.g. Lexia, Numberbox, First Class @ Number, IDL, phonic booster sessions - with reinforcement in whole class activities to aid transfer of skills Pre/post learning opportunities Resources: Access to appropriate individual resources to allow access to learning, e.g. numicon, phonic friezes, personalised dictionaries

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows significant difficulties with access to the whole curriculum taking account age and developmental level of the pupil. The pupil may be working up to 2 years below Age Related Expectations in attainment. The pupil's needs are met through a combination of approaches following advice from other professionals as appropriate, including small group interventions and 1:1 individualised support in and out of the classroom.

Learning assessments indicate general learning difficulties

Persistent difficulties with the acquisition and/or use of language, literacy and numeracy despite QFT and relevant, focused small group interventions
Working up to 2 years below age related expected attainment levels
Lack of concentration in some lessons due to comprehension and language difficulties Identified or suspected memory difficulties
Regular behaviour problems and / or work avoidance
May find it difficult to follow lengthy (more

than 2 or 3-step) instructions and routines

or new activities

Support needed to organise resources and /

Difficulties with adaptive behaviour and social skills, e.g. can seem immature when compared to peers

As for level 1 and 2 whilst including –

In depth learning assessments, e.g. completed by learning support/ trained specialist staff, to understand the profile of the learner

Outside agencies' advice and recommendations, if involved Consider Access arrangements Multi Agency Planning SEN support plan in place A My Plan may be in place to draw together information, advice, aspirations and planned outcomes Use of appropriate assessment materials e.g. Locke and Beech B Squared **PIVATs**

As level 1 and 2 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Individual support working on progressive personalised targets as informed through in depth learning assessments, building and developing key skills. This needs to be monitored and recorded on assessment tools that signal the next appropriate steps e.g. Locke and Beech, B Squared, Pivats, P-Scale descriptors
- Explicit links made between interventions and group work/whole class work
- Specific planning and modifications made to allow the pupil to access whole class learning e.g. in curriculum lessons the pupil's literacy ability informs the work that they produce
- The pupil's interests are taken into consideration when planning

Due regard will need to be made regarding social skills / gross motor skills etc

Grouping:

 The pupil will access a variety of support over the week may include whole class teaching, small group support and daily individualised support working on personalised targets matched to their learning profile to enable them to access the curriculum, e.g. working on individual outcomes that are repeated and reinforced

Additional advice and support is available from:

Early Years Inclusion

Learning Support Service / Specialist Teachers

Educational Psychology Service: In school consultation / SENCo Group consultation

Speech and Language Therapy

At secondary, this may be a bespoke curriculum, utilising varied routines, possible TA support in class and/or focus groups with highly differentiated targets. Pupils may access additional support at GCSE levels, additional to that which is normally delivered within the setting The pupil accesses designated learning time, either in small groups or 1:1, with the class teacher and other members of staff Pre / post learning opportunities are consistently planned and utilised Possible alternative GCSE pathway provision may be in place
Resources: Wide variety of resources appropriate to the task Interest boxes specific to pupil for downtime Specialist equipment specific to the pupil's learning need e.g. sloping board, coloured paper, pencil grips Pupil passports Access appropriate training if required e.g. around differentiation Staff visiting lower classes to see more appropriate teaching methods being used Relate language to kinaesthetic learning opportunities Personalised timetable e.g. use of Now & Then, reward focused activities
Specific training needs for staff are identified and sourced. Staff may be supported through working alongside specialists in school, either Outside Agency or within School (though an appropriately qualified and highly skilled specialist).
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Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows severe and pervasive difficulties with acquiring and retaining skills across the curriculum. The pupil may be working 2-3 years or a Key Stage behind Age Related Expectations for attainment. The pupil works on an individual and bespoke curriculum and therefore has a highly personalised timetable that will include time spent away from their mainstream class in order to work towards specific goals, as recommended by appropriate practitioners. The pupil is able to access some whole classroom learning with significantly high levels of scaffolding, or significant adult direction, to ensure that they can experience success. An awareness of the pupil's overall Special Educational Needs are taken into account.

Assessments show the learners profile falls within or below the 1st centile across a range of assessments including Ravens or BPVS consequently EP or other medical professionals indicate Generalised Learning Difficulty (or MLD)

Persistent difficulties with the acquisition and retention of use of language, literacy and numeracy despite QFT and relevant, focused small group and 1:1 intervention

May present with very short attention span

Identified memory difficulties

Behaviour problems may be apparent

Work avoidance behaviours frequently seen

May find it difficult to follow lengthy (more than 2 step) instructions and routines

A high level of support needed to organise resources and / or new activities

Constant adult support for learning

As for levels 1, 2 and 3 whilst including –

In depth learning assessments to be completed.

Observation
Outside Agency advice
and recommendations
link to Multi Agency
Planning, possibly
including a MultiElement Plan (MEP)
Access arrangements
likely to be in place
A My Plan or EHCP
may be in place to
recognise the pupil's
needs and provision
required to meet them

A monitoring system should be in place to assess CYP need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress (e.g. daily, weekly, half termly)

As level 1, 2 and 3 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Curriculum focusing on the acquisition of functional skills
- Teaching approaches that place a high emphasis on direct training, are very finely graded and offer practical tasks which provide opportunities to make progress towards planned outcomes
- Opportunities are frequent, repeated and reviewed
- Additional adults support the pupil individually, under the direction of the teacher and other key staff to:
 - work on highly modified curriculum tasks when working with the whole class
 - access significant amount of individual support sessions across each day
 - o encourage independence
- Tasks will be short in duration and may be reward led
- The curriculum places an emphasis on identified holistic outcomes e.g. life skills, opportunity for the pupil to engage in community activity and to encourage independence
- Develop independent living skills

Grouping:

Working on an individual, bespoke curriculum and so has a highly personalised timetable that includes time spent away from the mainstream class

Specialist practitioners will be involved with the pupil and provide specialist assessment and advice including Local Authority SEND Manager / Inclusion Officer.

Educational Psychology Service: In school consultation / SENCo Group consultation / Direct Work

Likely to need constant on-going level of support for personal / social / emotional well-being and / or self-help and safety Difficulties with adaptive behaviour and social skills e.g. can seem immature when compared to peers	Use of appropriate assessment materials further to those found in Levels 1, 2 and 3 with support from Outside Agency practitioners	 The pupil is able to access the classroom curriculum for limited periods where they are able to experience success supported by a member of staff. At secondary this may also include 1:2, possibly 1:1 withdrawal / specialist withdrawal, a significantly modified GCSE offer, specialist teacher training and/or increased adult:pupil ratio over that of a pupil at Level 3. Planned opportunities are provided for the pupil to be included with peers where the pupil is able to experience success Resources: Effective use of personalised resources based on the pupil's interests Effective use of individual visual timetable per session or activity, e.g. start / finish, now / then which does require support to implement 	
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Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows severe and profound, pervasive difficulties with acquiring and retaining skills across the curriculum. The pupil may only be attaining half their chronological age across all areas of assessment (functional, verbal, cognition). The pupil will require constant support to access a flexible and responsive timetable planned to meet specific outcomes agreed by specialist practitioners / outside agencies, parents, pupil (if appropriate), Locality SEN Manager and school staff. The pupil's needs are met through accessing a fully personalised timetable alongside highly skilled members of teaching staff.

Educational Psychology or medical cognitive assessments indicate profound and multiple learning difficulties.

The learner's profile falls below the 0.5 centile across a range of assessments including Ravens and BPVS consequently Educational Psychologists, or other medical practitioners indicate significant generalised learning difficulty.

Considerable difficulties with the acquisition and retention of use of language, literacy and numeracy despite relevant, focused small group and 1:1 intervention.

Very short attention span

Work avoidance behaviours frequently seen

May find it difficult to follow 1-2 step instructions and routines

A constant high level of support needed to organise resources and/or new activities

Constant adult support for learning needed

Constant on-going level of support for personal/social/emotional well-being and/or self-help and safety.

Adaptations for safety needed Difficulties with adaptive behaviour and social skills e.g. can seem immature when compared to peers

As for levels 1, 2, 3 and 4 whilst including –

In depth learning assessments to be completed

Observation Outside agencies' advice and recommendations lead assessments Access arrangements likely to be in place Multi Agency Planning. possibly including a Multi-Element Plan (MEP) An EHCP may be in place to recognise the pupil's needs and provision required to meet them A monitoring system should be in place to assess CYP need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress (e.g. daily, weekly, half termly)

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate approaches from Level 1,2,3 and 4

In most cases. excluding new starters to school or rapid escalation in presentation, there will be evidence of a graduated approach from Level 4 to Level 5 showing that all avenues of adjustment to provision have been considered. This would include accessing the Locality High Needs SEND **Funding and Local** Offer. There is agreement between professionals

(EP, Locality SENCO, SEND Manager etc.)

that the pupil's needs

and provision in place constitute a Level 5.

Specialist practitioners will be involved with the pupil and provide specialist assessment and advice.

2. Cognition and Learning

B: Specific Learning Difficulties

Universal Descriptor Level 1

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil / YP is able to access whole class learning with some support from the teacher and TA. The pupil / YP demonstrates slow progress with reading / writing / maths / handwriting, despite high quality and appropriate teaching support. This may include those pupils who show a discrepancy between academic achievement and intellectual ability. The pupil's needs are met within their mainstream class through quality first teaching.

Pupil may demonstrate:

Work avoidance

Low level behaviours, e.g. tapping pencil Poor handwriting

Poor organisation on the page of written work (lots of crossing out / words missed out)

Small amounts of work produced

Disordered writing

Poor organisational skills

Difficulties remembering sequences and

large chunks of information

Struggles to tell the time

Lack of retention

Poor concentration

Low self-esteem

Takes longer to process information Problems with phonological awareness

Difficulty remembering spelling patterns

Letter and number reversals

Slow rate of reading

Lack of comprehension when reading due to poor decoding skills / memory barriers

Poor retention of words

Letters within words recorded in the wrong

order

Written work may not match verbal ability

Hearing checked at GP
Sight check at opticians
Observation
Data tracking showing
slow progress in the
acquisition of language,
literacy and numeracy
Teacher Assessments
which may include
spelling checklist,
phonics assessments
Pupil Progress meetings
Pupil/Young Person
voice

Parent/carer voice (may include a structured conversation).
Assess, Plan, Do,
Review through a monitoring system should be in place to

should be in place to assess pupil's need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Clear and concise direct teaching, supported with examples of what to achieve e.g. WAGOLL
- Consideration of language, speed of delivery (chunking), vocabulary, use of visuals to support understanding and duration of delivery
- Understand that pupil will find copying difficult so having resources printed, use of technology to record notes
- Support the pupil to organise themselves e.g. routines such as getting changed for PE may be supported with visuals, reminders about school trips etc.
- Consider expectations expect quality over quantity
- Consider alternatives forms of recording e.g. jottings, drawing, labelling
- Brain breaks, including allowing the pupil to move
- Additional time given for processing
- Avoiding reading out aloud in front of the class
- Use of visual, auditory & kinaesthetic approaches
- Routine feedback
- Boosting self-esteem at every opportunity

Additional advice and support is available from:

Learning Support Service Specialist Teachers - access for informal advice if required

Struggles to copy off Interactive board / board or from work next to them Easily tires, particularly when reading or writing. Inability to understand or retain basic number concepts or symbols	One Page Profile/Learner Profile	 The pupil accesses whole class teaching with some TA support, either as the whole class or small booster group All pupils have access and are supported by the class teacher and any assistants over the week Resources: Using ICT to support pupil Alternative forms of recording routinely used, e.g. Dictaphone, scribe, divided page Access to pastoral clubs to boost self-esteem Use of pastel coloured background on the interactive board Offering different writing implements – comfortable and effective writing grip Task board Crib sheet Voice recorder Use of checklists, rubriks, visual task timetables displayed during teaching and in the learning space Use of memory aids to support spelling e.g. phonic mats, high frequency etc. Visual prompts including word mats, access to displays and resources that are accessible in terms of positioning and font Numicon and other practical apparatus to support mathematical concepts 	
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Targeted Descriptor

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

Level 2

The pupil shows persistent difficulties in acquiring reading, spelling and/or writing skills despite appropriate learning opportunities and taking into account the age and developmental level of the pupil. This may include those pupils who show a discrepancy between academic achievement and intellectual ability and may be working up to 1 year below Age Related Expectations in attainment. The pupil's needs are met within their mainstream class through quality first teaching and the through school led intervention.

Working up to 1 year below Age Related Expectations (ARE) in attainment

Work avoidance

Low level behaviours e.g. tapping pencil Poor handwriting

Poor organisation on the page of written work (lots of crossing out / words missed out)

Small amounts of work produced Lack of progress made in reading / writing

/ maths / handwriting

Disordered writing

Poor organisational skills

Difficulties remembering sequences and

large chunks of information

Struggles to tell the time

Lack of retention

Poor concentration

Low self-esteem

Takes longer to process information Problems with phonological awareness Difficulty remembering spelling patterns

Letter and number reversals

Slow rate of reading

Lack of comprehension when reading due to poor decoding skills / memory barriers

Poor retention of words

Letters within words recorded in the wrong order

Written work may not match verbal ability

Learning profile is unpicked through inschool teacher or SENCO Wave 2 assessments e.g. Sandwell Maths Assessment, Lexia Screening, WRAT etc. Observation Data tracking showing slow progress in the acquisition of language, literacy and numeracy Pupil Progress meetings Pupil /Young Person voice Parent/carer voice (may

Parent/carer voice (may include a structured conversation).

Assess, Plan, Do, Review through a monitoring system should be in place to assess pupil's need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress

One Page Profile/Learner Profile

As Level 1 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Pupil is part of whole class learning and provided with resources and scaffolding to achieve the objectives independently e.g. checklists, memory aids etc.
- Explicit links made between interventions and whole class work
- Pre/post learning opportunities are regularly built in for the pupil
- Repetition and reinforcement of whole class objectives will be needed
- Expectations on outcomes and timings to complete tasks are considered and adjustments made
- Targeted simplified level/pace/amount of teacher talk with consideration given to questions asked as part of a whole class approach
- Alternative forms of recording used to enable the pupil to access tasks and achieve objectives
- Use of visual, audial and kinaesthetic approaches are regularly used
- Clear instructions are given in small and manageable chunks.
- Instructions may need to be repeated a few times
- Whole class resources and displays that support independence
- Immediate feedback to pupil to facilitate further learning
- Differentiation needed in all subject areas

Additional advice and support is available from:

Learning Support Service Specialist Teachers access for informal/ formal advice

Struggles to copy off Interactive board /	Access to appropriate individual resources
board or from work next to them	Adjustments made to homework tasks
Easily tires, particularly when reading or	
writing	Grouping:
	The pupil accesses whole class teaching with some small
	group intervention through the week. For example:
	Precision teaching, paired reading,
	The pupil accesses designated learning time, either in
	small groups or 1:1, with the class teacher and other
	members of staff
	The pupil accesses timetabled additional small group
	opportunities to work on identified areas of need matched
	specifically to their learning profile e.g. Lexia, Nessy, IDL,
	phonic booster sessions etc. with reinforcement in whole
	class activities to aid transfer of skills
	Pre/post learning opportunities
	Small groups
	Short tasks
	Resources:
	Task boards
	Handwriting intervention
	Use of Alphabet Arc
	Onset and rime approach to reading and spelling
	Additional phonics support
	Motor skills group (Primary Pilates, Teodorescu)
	ICT programme e.g. Clicker
	Personal dictionaries
	Checklist
	Make reasonable adjustments to support access to tasks
	e.g. word banks, spelling banks, note books, mindmaps
	etc.
	Numicon and other practical apparatus to support mathematical concepts
	mamematical concepts

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows significant difficulties with acquiring literacy / numeracy skills taking into account the age and developmental level of the pupil. The pupil may be working up to 2 years below Age Related Expectations in attainment. The pupil's needs are met using a combination of approaches (including small group interventions and 1:1 individualised support in and out of the classroom) following support and advice from professionals as appropriate.

Learning assessments indicate specific learning difficulties

Working up to 2 years below age related expected attainment levels
May demonstrate behaviour difficulties e.g. work avoidance, class clown, attention seeking, use of chat, lack of engagement Poor handwriting

Poor organisation on the page of written work (lots of crossing out / words missed out)

Small amounts of work produced Lack of progress made in reading and writing

Disordered writing

Poor organisational skills

Difficulties remembering sequences and

large chunks of information

Struggles to tell the time

Lack of retention

Poor concentration

Low self-esteem

Takes longer to process information Problems with phonological awareness

Difficulty remembering spelling patterns

Letter and number reversals

Slow rate of reading

Lack of comprehension

Poor retention of words

Regular assessment on entry and exit to intervention with midterm check as appropriate Regular monitoring of core subjects to ensure transfer of skills following intervention In depth learning assessments to be completed

Observation
Teacher assessments
Pupil Progress meetings
Ongoing Pupil/Young
Person voice
Ongoing Parent/Carer
voice
Evaluate support plan
Outside agencies'
advice and
recommendations, if
involved
Consider Access
arrangements
Multi Agency Planning

As Level 1 and 2 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Individual support working on progressive personalised targets as informed through in depth learning assessments, building and developing key skills. This needs to be monitored and recorded on assessment tools that signal the next appropriate steps e.g. Locke and Beech, B Squared, Pivots etc.
- Explicit links made between interventions and group work/whole class work
- Specific planning and modifications made to allow the pupil to access whole class learning e.g. in curriculum lessons the pupil's literacy ability informs the work that they produce
- The pupil's interests are taken into consideration when planning
- Personalised timetable e.g. use of now/then, reward focused activities etc.
- Due regard will need to be made to supporting selfesteem and confidence levels. Likely to need nurture based sessions around this.
- Memory strategies and organisation skills to be taught to the pupil.

Additional specialist support should be sought from:

Consultancy / advice and guidance from specialist teachers, such as those from Learning Support Service

Specialist Training e.g. Dyslexia awareness

LSS or similar screen for access arrangements e.g. additional time

Letters within words recorded in the wrong order

Written work may not match verbal ability Struggles to copy off Interactive board / board or from work next to them Easily tires, particularly when reading or writing Assess, Plan, Do. Review using SEN Documents or My Plan Use of appropriate assessment materials e.g. WRAT, Dyslexia Portfolio, Brian Butterworth 'Dyslexia Guidance' screener (GL Assessment), BPVS, Visual Stress Assessment for coloured filters As the pupil gets older it may be appropriate to share what their additional needs refer to and how this is communicated with the pupil themselves

- Additional highly structured reading, spelling, writing, maths intervention with an adult trained in supporting pupils with dyslexic / dyscalculia difficulties
- Highly structured multisensory techniques for phonics / spelling
- Daily over learning
- Multisensory approaches in all curriculum activities
- Access to coloured paper and overlays (where required)
- Tasks routinely broken down
- Simplified instructions which are repeated as required
- Access to highly skilled staff who are familiar with the needs of dyslexic pupils

Grouping:

- The pupil will access a variety of support over the week including whole class teaching, small group support and daily individualised support working on personalised targets matched to their learning profile to enable them to access the curriculum e.g. working on individual outcomes that are repeated and reinforced.
- The pupil accesses designated learning time, either in small groups or 1:1, with the class teacher and other members of staff.
- Pre/post learning opportunities are consistently planned
- Individual support within class and access to one to one bespoke intervention
- Short focused tasks
- Teaching to the pupil's strengths
- Offering alternatives to recording

	Resources: Task boards and visual prompts A cumulative multisensory learning programme Handwriting intervention Use of Alphabet Arc Onset and rime approach to reading and spelling Additional phonics support Motor skills group Support is supplemented with ICT programmes and voice activated software for writing e.g. Nessy, Lexia, Clicker, i-pad apps including app wheel for Scotland 1:1 reading intervention
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Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil will show severe and pervasive difficulties with acquiring literacy skills. The pupil may be working 2-3 years or a Key Stage behind Age Related Expectations for attainment. The pupil works on an individual and bespoke curriculum and so has a highly personalised timetable that will include time spent away from the class working on specific goals as recommended by a dyslexia specialist i.e. EP or SpLD teacher.

The pupil is able to access whole classroom learning with significant scaffolding to ensure that they can experience success. An awareness of the pupil's overall needs are taken into account.

Assessments show the learners profile falls within or below the 1st centile for assessment such as Ravens **OR** BPVS (not both) consequently EP or other medical professionals indicate Specific Learning Difficulty Behaviour difficulties e.g. work avoidance, class clown, attention seeking, use of chat, lack of engagement. Poor handwriting and / or poor organisation on the page of written work (lots of crossing out / words missed out) Small amounts of work produced Lack of progress made in reading and writing Disordered writing Poor organisational skills Difficulties remembering sequences and large chunks of information Struggles to tell the time Lack of retention and / or poor concentration Low self-esteem Takes longer to process information Problems with phonological awareness Difficulty remembering spelling patterns Letter and number reversals

Regular assessment on entry and exit to intervention with mid-term check as appropriate Regular monitoring of pupil's writing to ensure transfer of skills following intervention In depth learning assessments to be completed

EP involvement

Observation Data tracking Teacher assessments Pupil Progress meetings Ongoing Pupil/Young Person voice Ongoing Parent/Carer voice Outside agencies' advice and recommendations. if involved Consider Access arrangements Multi Agency Planning A monitoring system should be in place to assess CYP need, identify outcomes, implement support and

As Level 1, 2 and 3 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Due regard will need to be made to supporting self-esteem and confidence levels. Likely to need nurture based sessions around this
- Memory strategies and organisation skills to be taught to the pupil
- Additional highly structured reading, spelling, writing, maths intervention with an adult trained in supporting pupils with dyslexic / dyscalculia difficulties
- Highly structured multisensory techniques for phonics / spelling
- Daily over learning
- Use of visual prompts
- Multisensory approaches
- Access to coloured paper and overlays (where required)
- Tasks routinely broken down
- Simplified instructions which are repeated as required
- Access to highly skilled staff who are familiar with the needs of dyslexic pupils

Grouping:

As level 3

Resources:

- Task boards
- A cumulative multisensory learning programme
- Handwriting intervention

Additional specialist support should be sought from:

Consultancy / advice and guidance from specialist teachers, such as those from Learning Support Service

Educational Psychology

LSS (EP? OT?) screen for access arrangements e.g. additional time

Slow rate of reading
Lack of comprehension
Poor retention of words
Letters within words recorded in the
wrong order
Written work may not match verbal
ability
Struggles to copy off Interactive
board / board or from work next to
them
Easily tires, particularly when
reading or writing

monitor and evaluate progress (e.g. daily, weekly, half termly) that work towards the outcomes set in a My Plan or EHCP is in place for the pupil

Use of appropriate assessment materials e.g. Locke and Beech, B Squared, PIVATs etc.

As the pupil gets older it may be appropriate to share what their additional needs refer to and how this is communicated with the pupil themselves.
Use of appropriate assessment materials e.g. WRAT, Dyslexia Portfolio, Brian Butterworth 'Dyslexia Guidance' screener (GL Assessment), BPVS, Visual Stress filters

- Use of Alphabet Arc
- Onset and rime approach to reading and spelling
- Additional phonics support
- Motor skills group
- Support is supplemented with ICT programmes and voice activated software for writing e.g. Nessy, Lexia, Clicker, i-pad apps including app wheel for Scotland

Social, Emotional, Mental Health 3A Emotional Regulation

Universal Descriptor	Identification and	Teaching and Learning		
Level 1	Assessment	Strategies, Resources and Physical En	vironment	
Low level/low frequency of social and emotional behavioural difficulties which interrupt learning in some situations. May include: Difficulty in following whole class instructions Occasional refusal to follow reasonable requests Poor concentration Difficulties working in groups, sharing and taking turns Some signs of low level disruptive behaviour Possible developmental delay Occasional difficulties following routines	Assessment Part of normal school and class assessments. Recognition of learning styles and motivational levers One Page Profile in place Planning Parental and pupil voice is included in assessment and planning Parents involved regularly and support targets at home	Adjustments to Teaching Methods: Staff should consider and implement as appropriate Use a multi-sensory, differentiated approach Offer support and reassurance Respond where possible to student interest Retain a sense of humour Model expectations and behaviours Modify level/pace/amount of teacher talk to pupils' identified need Teaching approaches should take account of the difficulties in the understanding of social rules and expectations within the classroom. Regular class work with an emphasis on relationships, emotions, social skills, conflict resolution Increased emphasis on identifying and teaching to preferred learning style Grouping: Mainstream class with attention paid to organisation and pupil groupings Nurturing classroom approaches including opportunities to take on additional responsibilities e.g. class monitor A quiet area in the classroom may be useful for individual work Create opportunities to work with positive role models On-going opportunities for group and 1:1 support focused on	Additional advice and support is available from Consultation with other colleagues in school Learning Mentors Head of Year Pupil and parent voice GP referral to medical services e.g. assessment for hearing	

Underdeveloped social skills may create	Resources:
difficulties in getting along with others:	Additional processing time and time allowed to complete a task
Some difficulties forming positive relationships with peers and/ or some	Short term, class led individual support focusing on listening, concentration, social skills
teachers	Preparation for any change and the need for clear routines including transition
Possibly isolated or withdrawn	including transition
Some patterns of stress/anxiety in specific	The use of positive targeted strategies that might include:
situations	Pupil profileClass led observation
Unpredictability, inconsistency	 Reward systems involving regular monitoring and support Home / School Communication Book
	Visual systems/timetables
	Develop friendship groups
	Low stimulus sensory area

Targeted Descriptor Level 2

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows low level social and emotional behavioural difficulties which interrupt learning in some situations. The pupil's needs are met within their mainstream class through quality first teaching and the use of positive and personalised targeted strategies.

Occasional difficult, demanding or concerning social and emotional behaviour which interrupt learning in some situations. May include:

Emerging, frequent patterns of reluctance to following reasonable instructions / requests

Continued difficulties following routines

Poor concentration

Difficulties working in groups, sharing and taking turns

Signs of disruptive behaviour

Possible developmental delay

Signs of stress or anxiety

Underdeveloped social skills may create difficulties in getting along with others:

Some difficulties forming positive relationships with peers and/ or some teachers

Possibly isolated or withdrawn

Bully or victim role

Assessment

Sheffield Baseline Assessment Tool

Pupil self-assessment and pupil friendly SMART targets set for behaviour/social skills in line with school policy

Pupil voice gained through appropriate resources, e.g. Bear Cards, What Children Need cards, Myself as a Learner, PASS

Identification of triggers and solutions (e.g. ABC Plan or behaviour plan)

Early Help Gateway meetings

Team Around the Family meetings include involved outside agency professionals (inc.

As Level 1 (QFT), and including Wave 2 interventions and... **Adjustments to Teaching Methods:**

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Mainstream class with attention paid to organisation and pupil groupings
- Increased differentiation by presentation and/or outcome
- Consideration of differentiated curriculum that allows flexibility to teach according to emotional needs, not chronological age, using approaches such as play, creative activities, drama
- Simple solutions given for difficult times of the school day

Grouping:

- Opportunities for small group work on identified need e.g. listening / thinking / social skills.
- Create opportunities to work with positive role models
- Opportunities for skill reinforcement/revision/transfer and generalisation
- Regular small group work with an increasing emphasis on relationships, emotions, social skills, conflict resolution

Resources:

- Time limited mainstream classroom programme of support, which relates to class led assess, plan, do and review systems e.g. personal reward system / report cards
- Small group work to learn appropriate behaviours and for associated learning difficulties
- A quiet area in the classroom may be useful for individual work or timeout
- Individual programme based on specific need
- Time-limited programmes of small group or 1:1 work based on identified need linked to IEP targets

Additional advice and support from Local Authority services is available from:

Educational Psychology Service:

In school consultation and SENCo Group consultation

Early Years Inclusion Team

Learning Support Service

Speech and Language therapy

MAST

GP

Locality SENCo Networks

Professionals offering therapeutic services.

Some patterns of stress/anxiety in specific situations

Unpredictability, inconsistency

Signs of aggression or confrontational behaviours with peers

Increased absence/lateness

Virtual Schools) that unpick the pupil's history

Assessment of learning needs, e.g. Learning and Cognition, Communication and Interaction assessments

Analysis and formulation of data (e.g. behaviour types, triggers and areas of difficulty, uses of reasonable adjustments to avoid scenarios identified difficult scenarios)

- Strategies developed alongside pupil and shared with school staff, parent/carer – staff implement and follow these consistently
- Focused and appropriate CPD for key staff working with pupil

The use of positive targeted strategies that might include:

- Consultation with other colleagues in school
- ABC charts
- Pupil profile
- Observation schedules
- Personalised reward systems involving regular monitoring, feedback and support
- Monitoring diaries, e.g. tracking a pupil's day lesson by lesson
- Use of behaviour targets within the classroom/playground, prompt cards
- Lunchtime club
- Regular small group work/resilience, concentration skills/ social skills/listening skills/conflict resolution
- Short-term individual support
- Support that uses solution focused/motivational approaches
- Develop friendship groups, buddies and/or mentor use
- Access to additional circle time activities, e.g. Silver SEAL, Friends or other SEMH focused interventions

Planning

- Parents involved regularly and support targets at home
- Pupils involved in setting and monitoring their own targets, and the pupil's responses to social/ learning environment actively inform the cycle of IEP/PEP
- Additional steps and adjustment are taken to engage pupil and parents as appropriate
- Effective communication systems are in place which enable all parties involved to provide consistent support for the pupil

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows frequent social and emotional behavioural difficulties which interrupt their own and others' learning in a range of situations. The pupil's needs are met using a combination of approaches, including small group, focus interventions and 1:1 individualised support, in and out of the classroom following support and advice from other practitioners as appropriate. Holistic assessment of the pupil's needs are undertaken to ascertain whether there are underlying developmental, cognitive and/or communication needs.

Social, emotional and mental health difficulties are frequently observed and are intense in nature.

Use of Wave 1 and 2 interventions have been limited in success, necessitating a more personalised holistic curriculum which has been planned alongside professionals from outside agencies.

Non-compliance is seen on a daily basis

Learning of self and others significantly interrupted by withdrawn or disruptive behaviours

Uncommunicative, significantly withdrawn, struggles to contribute

Overly keen, regular interrupters, "needy."

Risk of fixed term exclusion

Significant difficulties with social interaction- deteriorating relationships with adults and/or peers. May include:

Inappropriate language/ communication (inability to adapt to context)

Inappropriate and/or risk taking behaviours

As for level 1 and 2 whilst including -

Use of assessment tools, e.g. Boxall, SDQ, sensory checklists, PIVATS, communication screens.

Reward systems involving regular monitoring and support

Observation schedules

Educational Psychology drop in and consultation

Early Help Assessment Gateway

Team Around the Family meetings include involved outside agency professionals (inc. Virtual Schools) As for level 1 and 2 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Daily access to skilled staff and/or provision in school with experience of SEMH, e.g. behaviour support worker, lead behaviour professional, SENCo, Learning Mentor, trained pastoral teams. The additional adult, working with the teacher, supports the pupil to develop strategies and skills
- Trusted adults offer support at vulnerable times using preagreed strategies
- Flexible, pre-agreed approaches are used by all staff and the pupil, e.g. the use of a time-out card as a means of selfregulation and/or sensory breaks at planned intervals within the day
- Personalised reward systems are known by all staff in school and are implemented consistently across the curriculum
- The pupil is actively involved in monitoring their own targets

Grouping:

- Mainstream class with regular targeted small group support e.g. pupil accesses school based provision with appropriate training and organisation, underpinned by nurture principles
- Increased access to a combination of individual, small group and whole class activities to promote and develop social skills, emotional regulation and self-esteem, as well as experience positive interaction with peers and adults, in order to address SEMH targets

Additional specialist support should be sought from from Local Authority services:

EPS:

In school consultation, SENCo Group consultation

Early Years Inclusion Team

Learning Support Service

Speech and Language Therapy

MAST

GP

Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS)

Advice and support available through school involvement in Healthy Minds Programme

Ryegate Children's Centre

Possible sexualised behaviour towards others

Instances of aggressive/violent behaviour increase in frequency and severity

Deteriorating attendance

Significantly withdrawn

Little regard for school rewards and consequences

A My Plan may be in place to draw together information, advice, aspirations and planned outcomes

Review of measurable progress against targets in IEP/PEP

Pastoral Support Plan

Positive Handling Plan written collaboratively with child

Access to additional resources is sought. E.g. Locality's High Needs Funding

Early Help/ Multiagency planning processes specify contribution of individual services and lead practitioner.

- Tasks and presentation are personalised to address pupil's needs
- 1:1 teaching for the introduction of new concepts and the reinforcement of classroom routines and expectations may be used
- At secondary, some use of vocational provision may be used to support the pastoral offer to the pupil
- Personalise the day, consider alternatives to the structure of the day and the lessons currently offered. The structure, routine and expectations of the classroom / timetable are managed carefully between school and the family to support the pupil in being able to access it

Resources:

- In addition to the provision at level 1/2, identified daily support
 to teach social skills/dealing with emotions to support the
 behaviour learning targets. At secondary, this may take the
 form of daily check in and mentoring from a senior leader or
 key pastoral worker
- Outreach advice is used in the provision offered to the pupil
- Small steps targets within group programmes and/or 1:1 work tasks, e.g. solution focused / restorative practice / motivational approaches / therapeutic approaches
- Personalise the day, consider alternatives to the structure of the day and the lessons currently offered
- Consideration of an alternative, differentiated curriculum that allows flexibility to teach according to emotional needs, not chronological age, using vehicles such as IT, play, creative activities, drama. Again, at secondary this may include the use of vocational provision placements to supplement the pastoral offer to the pupil
- Modifications to timetable may include, e.g. off-site activities, meet and greet, delayed start time, adjustment to access arrangements

Locality SENCo Networks Professionals offering therapeutic services

Specialist Training:

Staff training in restorative approaches / attachment and trauma / PDA / therapeutic approaches

Staff training is specific towards the pupil's needs and staff have opportunities to be involved in reflective practice

	 A safe space is planned and key / 'safe' adults are identified, all staff working with the pupil are aware of these arrangements Restorative justice models used post-incident Multi-Element Plans created and used alongside Educational Psychologist and other professionals Plans created alongside Educational Psychologist (e.g. MAP or equivalent) may be used by pupil and staff
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Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil consistently shows social and emotional behavioural difficulties which impact on their ability to access a learning environment without highly personalised support. The pupil's needs are met using a highly personalised approach which will draw on support and advice from other professionals. This will include access to a completely bespoke timetable.

Difficulty managing emotional responses leading to challenging, demanding or concerning behaviour. Behavioural incidents and fixed term exclusions increasing, leading to a high risk of permanent exclusion

Sustained non-engagement in school life

Inability or complete refusal to follow school routines and instructions

Sporadic engagement with school rewards and consequences

Inability to sustain positive relationships with adults and/or peers

Increasing difficulties in forming positive relationships, interacting appropriately with adults and/or peers
Crisis behaviours escalate rapidly due to fluctuating triggers
Persistent leading and instigating of disruptive behaviours
Increasing patterns of behaviour which place themselves or others at risk of serious harm e.g.
Violence towards peers

Self-harm

As for Levels 1, 2 and 3 whilst also including

Increased involvement of a range of professionals, e.g. Primary or Secondary Inclusion Panel

A My Plan or EHCP may be in place to recognise the pupil's needs and provision required to meet them As for level 1, 2 and 3 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- The pupil is supported in those mainstream activities that they do attend
- 1:1 / group work addresses targets as outlined on pupil's My Plan/EHCP
- Daily implementation of approaches towards meeting the individual's SEMH targets which have been identified through the use of appropriate assessment data, e.g. SCERTS, Boxall, SDQ, B2 or Locke & Beech
- Off-site activities, meet and greet, delayed start time, adjustment to access arrangements
- At secondary, this may look like home learning tutoring or elearning platform usage outside of the physical school environment

Grouping:

- Access to a completely bespoke timetable, designed to mitigate possible triggers which leads to increased success with regard to engagement, access and resilience
- Pupil taught for a significant amount of the time in small groups or individually outside of the mainstream curriculum and away from the mainstream class – where they are able to experience success supported by a member of staff
- Planned opportunities are provided for the pupil to be included with peers where the pupil is able to experience success

Resources:

The pupil has access to staff with experience and training in meeting the needs of students with SEMH, working on modified

Additional specialist support should be sought from:

Local Authority SEND Manager

Primary or Secondary Inclusion Panel

EPS: In school consultation, SENCo Group consultation and direct work

Early Years

Inclusion Team

S2S

SALT

MAST

GΡ

CAMHS

Ryegate

Locality SENCo Networks

Running / absconding	holistic curriculum tasks and key skills – including structured interventions as advised by external agencies	Professionals offering
Severe and sustained bullying	 School led nurture environments used (if available) Access to specialised SEMH provision – alternative provision, 	therapeutic services
Refusal to communicate	therapeutic support services, counselling, vocational provision etc may be considered alongside advice from other	Specialist Training:
Significantly withdrawn	agencies/professionals	Staff training in restorative approaches /
Extreme attachment led behaviours		attachment and trauma / PDA and Positive Handling Strategies – Team Teach.

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows severe and persistent social and emotional behavioural difficulties which impact on their ability to access a learning environment without highly personalised support. The pupil's specified outcomes are met within a specialist setting alongside agreement with Outside Agency practitioner advice, parents, pupil (if appropriate), Local Authority SEN Manager and school staff.

sistent SEMH issues which lead to difficulty managing emotional responses and result in extremely challenging, demanding or concerning behaviour. This always affects their own safety or that of others.

Behavioural incidents and fixed term exclusions have increased despite appropriate provision made at Level 4.

High risk of permanent exclusion

School refusal

Inability or complete refusal to follow school routines, instructions or access timetable.

Persistent leading and instigating of disruptive behaviours

Mainstream setting has a detrimental effect on health and well-being

Agreement from Outside Agency professionals, Local Authority representatives and staff that the pupil requires access to specialist provision for SEMH/SEN.

As for level 1, 2, 3 and 4 whilst including - Pupil's needs are either known or under active assessment. A range of appropriate professionals are involved.

As for level 1, 2, 3 and 4 whilst also including -

Pupil accesses specialist (in most cases offsite or hub led) SEMH provision

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- A high staff:pupil ratio enabling access to a personalised holistic curriculum
- Specific, specialist provision to target identified SEMH needs

Grouping & Resources:

- The child accesses a completely individualised curriculum
- Small group working with highly skilled staff
- Planned opportunities to access specific individual programmes of support, where the child's needs allow them to do so, are used to target particular outcomes

Additional specialist support should be sought from:

Local Authority SEND Manager

Primary / Secondary Inclusion Panel

EPS: In school consultation / SENCo Group consultation / direct work

Early Years Inclusion Team

Learning Support Service

Speech and Language Therapy

MAST

GP

Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS)

Increasing patterns of behaviour which place themselves or others at	Ryegate Children's Centre
risk of serious harm e.g.	Locality SENCo Networks
Use of weapons to harm or threaten	
Violence towards peers and staff	Professionals offering therapeutic services Specialist Training:
Self-harm	Staff training in
Severe and sustained targeting of peers and peer groups	restorative approaches / attachment and trauma / PDA / Positive Handling Strategies / Team Teach
Refusal to communicate	Chatogios / Todin Todon
Significantly withdrawn	

3. Social, Emotional, Mental Health

B: Mental Health

Universal Descriptor	Identification	Teaching and Learning	
Level 1	and	Strategies, Resources and Physical E	invironment
	Assessment		
The pupil shows low level free	quency social and	emotional behavioural difficulties which inter	rupt learning in
some situations. The pupil's r	needs are met with	in their mainstream class through quality firs	t teaching.
Generally resilient. Underlying needs, or	Assessment	Adjustments to Teaching Methods:	Additional advice and
specific historical events, are	Part of normal school	Staff should consider and implement as appropriate:	support is available
recognised and the pupil has developed	and class assessments.	Teacher provides an environment that enables the pupil	from:
appropriate coping strategies		to:	
	Pupil self-assessment	 feel a sense of belonging 	Consultation with other
School concerns	and pupil friendly	 talk about problems in a non-stigmatising way 	colleagues in school
Attendance	SMART targets set for	• feel safe	
Low self esteem	behaviour/social skills in	 have opportunities to be successful and valued 	Pupil and parent voice
Behaviour changes – e.g. becoming	line with school policy	 develop social and relationship skills 	
withdrawn		 understand the range of acceptable and unacceptable 	MAST
	Simple solutions given	behaviours	
Overly tired / sleeplessness	for difficult times of the	 become aware of others and empathise with them 	GP
	school day	play and learn	
Low level/low frequency of social and		develop a sense of right and wrong	
emotional behavioural difficulties which	Recognition of learning	 resolve (face) problems and setbacks and learn from 	
interrupt learning in some situations.	styles and motivational	them	
May include:	levers	awareness that a pupil may need more time to	
5.50		complete tasks and that equality of access may mean	
Difficulty in following whole class	One Page Profile in	that they need to do some things differently.	
instructions	place	resources and displays that support social and	
		emotional development.	
Occasional refusal to fallow reasonable		have tasks that are differentiated and modified to	
Occasional refusal to follow reasonable requests		promote inclusion	
requests		Grouping:	
Poor concentration	Planning	Use a multi-sensory, differentiated approach	
1 oor correctitiation		Offer support and reassurance	
		Respond where possible to student interest	
		1 103pona where possible to stadent interest	

Difficulties working in groups, sharing and taking turns

Some signs of low level disruptive behaviour

Possible developmental delay

Occasional difficulties following routines

Underdeveloped social skills may create difficulties in getting along with others:

Some difficulties forming positive relationships with peers and/ or some teachers

Possibly isolated or withdrawn

Some patterns of stress / anxiety in specific situations

Unpredictability, inconsistency

Parents involved regularly and support targets at home

Pupils involved in setting and monitoring their targets

Pupils response to social/ learning environment informs cycle of IEP/PEP

Additional steps taken to engage pupil and parents as appropriate

Requires effective communication systems enabling all involved to provide consistent support

- · Retain a sense of humour
- Model expectations and behaviours
- Mainstream class with attention paid to organisation and pupil groupings
- Nurturing classroom approaches including opportunities to take on additional responsibilities eg class monitor
- A quiet area in the classroom may be useful for individual work
- Create opportunities to work with positive role models
- On-going opportunities for group and 1:1 support focused on specific IEP targets
- Increased emphasis on identifying and teaching to preferred learning style
- Preparation for any change and the need for clear routines including transition
- Seating Plan if appropriate
- Modify level/pace/amount of teacher talk to pupils' identified need

Additional processing time and time allowed to complete a task

- Teaching approaches should take account of the difficulties in the understanding of social rules and expectations within the classroom. Regular class work with an emphasis on relationships, emotions, social skills, conflict resolution
- Short term, class led individual support focusing on listening, concentration, social skills
- Consideration of differentiated curriculum that allows flexibility to teach according to emotional needs, not chronological age, using approaches such as play, creative activities, drama

Resources:	
 Class led observation Reward systems involving regular monitoring and support Home / School Communication Book Visual systems/timetables Develop friendship groups Low stimulus sensory area 	

Targeted Descriptor Level 2

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows low level frequency social and emotional behavioural difficulties which interrupt learning in some situations. The pupil's needs are met within their mainstream class through quality first teaching and the use of positive (personalised) targeted strategies.

Occasionally displays symptoms of mental	As for level 1 whilst	As for level 1 whilst including –
health difficulties	including –	
Bereavement		Adjustments to Curriculum and Teaching Methods:
Bullying	Part of normal school	As Level 1 (QFT), and including Wave 2 interventions and
Family issues	and class assessments	 Mainstream class with attention paid to organisation and pupil
Behavioural issues, i.e. feeding, toileting, ange		groupings
management	Pupil self-assessment	 Opportunities for small group work on identified need e.g.
	and pupil friendly	listening / thinking / social skills
Mild depressive symptoms	SMART targets set for	• Time limited intervention support, designed to promote positive
Mild anxiety symptoms	behaviour/social skills in	behaviour, social development and self-esteem linked to
Relationship difficulties	line with school policy	planned targets
Moderate behavioural problems which may		 Small group work to learn appropriate behaviours and coping
have led to exclusion	Simple solutions given	strategies.
Known Drug and Alcohol use	for difficult times of the	A quiet area in the classroom may be useful for individual work
	school day	or timeout
Occasional difficult, demanding or		 Create opportunities to work with positive role models
concerning social and emotional behaviour	Recognition of learning	Strategies developed alongside pupil and shared with school
which interrupt learning in some situations.	=	staff, parent/carer. School implements and follows these
May include:	levers	consistently
Emerging, frequent patterns of reluctance to	0 5 5	Increased differentiation by presentation and/or outcome
following reasonable instructions / requests	One Page Profile in	 Opportunities for skill reinforcement / revision / transfer and
Overflow to the Prince of the	place	generalisation
Continued difficulties following routines	Lie Contraction of the contraction	 Regular small group work with an increasing emphasis on
Dana and and the time	Identification of triggers	relationships, emotions, social skills, conflict resolution
Poor concentration	and solutions (e.g. ABC	
la alata di / with dua wa	Plan or behaviour plan)	Grouping:
Isolated / withdrawn	Early Help Gateway	The use of positive targeted strategies that might include:
Difficulties working in groups, shoring and	meetings	 Consultation with other colleagues in school
Difficulties working in groups, sharing and	Team Around the Family	ABC charts
taking turns	meetings	Pupil profile

Additional advice and support is available from:

SENCo

Pastoral Leads

Head of Year

EPS drop in and group network

Early Years Inclusion Team

Learning Support Teacher

SALT

MAST

GP

Locality SENCo Networks

CPD for key staff working with pupil

Signs of disruptive behaviour Possible developmental delay Signs of stress or anxiety Underdeveloped social skills may create difficulties in getting along with others: Some difficulties forming positive relationships with peers and/ or some teachers Possibly isolated or withdrawn Bully or victim role Some patterns of stress/anxiety in specific situations Unpredictability, inconsistency	Assessment of learning needs (e.g. S2S assessment, SALT) are time appropriate Planning Parents involved regularly and support targets at home Pupils involved in setting and monitoring their targets Pupils response to socia / learning environment informs cycle of IEP / PEP		Observation schedules Personalised reward systems involving regular monitoring, feedback and support Monitoring diaries, e.g. tracking a pupil's day lesson by lesson Use of behaviour targets within the classroom/playground, prompt cards Lunchtime club Regular small group work / resilience, concentration skills/ social skills/listening skills / conflict resolution Short-term individual support intervention focused on particular area of need Intervention support that uses solution focused/motivational approaches Develop friendship groups, buddies and/or mentor use where the pupil is able to experience positive interactions Access to additional circle time activities, e.g. Silver SEAL	Investigation by SENDCo to investigate additional / other needs
Signs of aggression or confrontational behaviours with peers Increased absence / lateness	Additional steps taken to engage pupil and parents as appropriate	•	Staff plan, make and follow through on opportunities to spend regular time with the pupil - in order to build positive relationships with the pupil when they are calm and receptive	

Bespoke Descriptor	Identification	Teaching and Learning	
Level	and	Strategies, Resources and Physical E	nvironment
3	Assessment		
The must be one from our control and amotic			tretions. The numities
		ies which interrupt their own and others' learning in a range of s group, interventions and 1:1 individualised support, in and out o	
		c assessment of the pupil's needs are undertaken to ascertain w	
developmental, cognitive and/or communic		o accomment of the paper of needs are unactually to accommen	
Frequent social, emotional and mental health	As for levels 1, 2 and 3	As for Level 1,2 whilst also including -	Additional specialist
difficulties are frequently observed and are	whilst including –	_	support should be sough
intense in nature	_	Adjustments to Teaching Methods:	from:
Use of Wave 1 and 2 interventions have	Assessment tools, e.g.	Staff should consider and implement as appropriate:	
been limited in success, necessitating a	Boxall, SDQ, sensory	Mainstream class with regular targeted small group support e.g.	EPS drop in / group / direct
more personalised holistic curriculum	checklists,	Pupil accesses school based nurture provision with appropriate	work
which has been planned alongside	communication screens	training and organisation, underpinned by nurture principles	
professionals from outside agencies.		identified daily support to teach social skills / dealing with	Early Years Inclusion Tean
Mild depressive symptoms	Reward systems	emotions to support the behaviour learning targets	_
Mild anxiety symptoms	involving regular	Outreach advice is used in the provision offered to the pupil	Learning Support
Relationship difficulties	monitoring and support	The pupil has a identified safe place that they can use when	
Moderate behavioural problems which may	DIV 44 TO DOD 4	required	SALT
lead to exclusion	PIVATS PSD targets	0. "	MAGT
Known Drug and Alcohol use		Staffing	MAST
Non-compliance is seen on a daily basis	Observation schedules	Daily access to staff in school with experience of SEMH, e.g. Daily access to staff in school with experience of SEMH, e.g. Daily access to staff in school with experience of SEMH, e.g. Daily access to staff in school with experience of SEMH, e.g.	CD
Learning of solf and others significantly	Forly Holp Assessment	behaviour support worker, lead behaviour professional, SENCo.	GP
Learning of self and others significantly interrupted by withdrawn or disruptive	Early Help Assessment Gateway	The additional adult, working with the teacher, supports the pupil to develop strategies and skills	CAMHS
behaviours	Galeway	Trusted adults offer support at vulnerable times using pre-agreed	CAWITIS
benaviours	Team Around the Family		Locality SENCo Networks
Uncommunicative, significantly withdrawn,	meetings include	techniques	Locality Served Networks
struggles to contribute	involved outside agency		Professionals offering
on aggics to continuate	professionals (inc.	pupil, e.g. the use of a time-out card as a means of self-regulation	therapeutic services
Overly keen, regular interrupters, "needy"	Virtual Schools) that	Personalised reward systems and timetables are known by all	Trorapoullo oci vioco
Risk of fixed term exclusion	unpick the pupil's history	1	Staff training is specific
		The state of the s	

Organisational Adjustments:

curriculum

Significant difficulties with social A My Plan may be in interaction- deteriorating relationships with

pupil

adults and/or peers. May include:

towards the pupil's needs

practice

and staff have opportunities to be involved in reflective

Inappropriate language/communication (inability to adapt to context)

Inappropriate and/or risk taking behaviours

Possible sexualised behaviour towards others

Instances of aggressive/violent behaviour increase in frequency and severity

Deteriorating attendance

Significantly withdrawn

Little regard for school rewards and consequences

Review of measurable progress against targets in IEP/PEP

Planning

Pastoral Support Plan

Positive Handling Plan written collaboratively with pupil

Access to additional resources is sought from the Locality's High Needs SEND Funding offer

- Increased access to a combination of individual, small group and whole class activities to promote and develop social skills, emotiona regulation and self-esteem in order to address SEMH targets
- · Tasks and presentation are personalised to address pupil's needs
- The pupil is actively involved in monitoring their own targets
- Personalise the day, consider alternatives to the structure of the day and the lessons currently offered. The structure, routine and expectations of the classroom / timetable are managed carefully between school and the family to support the pupil in being able to access it
- Adjustment to provision at lunchtimes and other 'trigger' points are used to support the pupil
- Consideration of an alternative, differentiated curriculum that allows flexibility to teach according to emotional needs, not chronological age, using vehicles such as IT, play, creative activities, drama
- Modifications to timetable may include, e.g. off-site activities, meet and greet, delayed start time, adjustment to access arrangements, sensory breaks
- Transitions for the pupil are planned and supported, e.g. entry and exit to/from school, between sessions / classes, following unstructured times

Groupina:

- 1:1 teaching for the introduction of new concepts and the reinforcement of classroom routines and expectations
- Small steps targets within interventions and/or 1:1 work tasks, e.g solution focused / restorative practice /motivational approaches / therapeutic approaches
- Group work that allows the pupil to experience positive interactions with peers and adults that builds on 'taught' skills based interventions
- Opportunities for key / safe staff to be 'curious' when supporting pupils regarding their perspective, perceived difficulties

Advice and support available through school involvement in Healthy Minds Programme

Identification and **Assessment**

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil consistently shows social and emotional behavioural difficulties which impact on their ability to access a learning environment without highly personalised support. The pupil's needs are met using a highly personalised approach which will draw on support and advice from other professionals. This will include access to a completely bespoke timetable.

Displays symptoms of mental health difficulty that prevent regular attendance at school. Moderate/severe depression Thoughts about suicide Deliberate Self Harm **Eating Disorders** Psychotic symptoms Moderate to severe anxiety Sexualised / inappropriate behaviour towards peers Extreme attachment based behaviours Difficultly managing emotional responses leading to challenging, demanding or concerning behaviour Rapid onset of crisis behaviours due to identified fluctuating triggers Persistent leading and instigating of

disruptive behaviours

Behavioural incidents and fixed term exclusions increasing, leading to a high risk of permanent exclusion

Sustained non-engagement in school life Inability or complete refusal to follow school routines and instructions

Sporadic engagement with school rewards and consequences

As for levels 1, 2 and 3 whilst including –

Increased involvement of a range of professionals, e.g. Primary / Secondary Inclusion Panel

A My Plan or EHCP may be in place to support the pupil

As for Level 1,2 and 3 whilst also including:

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate:

- Planned programmes of intensive therapeutic intervention involving multi agency approaches
- Access to a completely bespoke timetable
- Daily implementation of approaches towards meeting the individual's SEMH targets as outlined on pupil's My Plan / EHCP and which have been identified through the use of appropriate assessment data, e.g. SCERTS, Boxall, SDQ, B2 or Locke & Beech

Grouping:

- Consideration given to an environment that ensures the safe emotional well-being and development of the individual
- Pupil taught for a significant amount of the time in small groups or individually outside of the mainstream curriculum and away from the mainstream class – where they are able to experience success supported by a member of staff
- Planned opportunities are provided for the pupil to be included with peers where the pupil is able to experience success
- The pupil is supported in those mainstream activities that they do attend
- At Secondary school, alternative curriculum pathways may be accessible to the pupil

Additional specialist support should be sought from:

Local Authority SEND Manager

Primary / Secondary Inclusion Panel

EPS drop in / group / direct work

Early Years Inclusion Team

Learning Support Teacher

SALT

MAST

GP

CAMHS

Locality SENCo Networks

Professionals offering therapeutic services

Home and Hospital education

Inability to sustain positive relationships with adults and/or peers Increasing difficulties in forming positive relationships, interacting appropriately with adults and/or peers Increasing patterns of behaviour which place themselves or others at risk of serious harm e.g. Violence towards peers Self-harm	 Resources: Access to alternative provision, intensive therapeutic support services as advised by specialist outside agencies School led nurture environments used alongside specialist provision and advice (if available) The pupil has access to key, 'safe' staff with experience and training in meeting the needs of students with SEMH, working on modified holistic curriculum tasks and key skills – including structured interventions as advised by external agencies and irregular contact as required
Running	
Severe and sustained bullying	
Refusal to communicate	
Significantly withdrawn	

Bespoke Descriptor Level 5 The pupil shows severe and highly personalised support

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil shows severe and persistent social and emotional behavioural difficulties which impact on their ability to access a learning environment without highly personalised support. The pupil's needs are met within a specialist setting alongside agreement of involved Outside Agency practitioners including appropriate Local Authority representation.

Displays symptoms of mental health difficulty that **likely to endanger themselves or others**.

Severe depression
Planning of suicide
Deliberate and regular Self Harm
Eating Disorders which pose a
significant risk to health
Regular Psychotic symptoms
Severe anxiety

Severe and persistent SEMH issues which lead to difficulty managing emotional responses and result in extremely challenging, demanding or concerning behaviour. This always effects their own safety or that of others.

Behavioural incidents and fixed term exclusions have increased despite appropriate provision made at Level 4

Possible risk of permanent exclusion

School refusal

Inability or complete refusal to follow school routines, instructions or access timetable.

Persistent leading and instigating of disruptive behaviours

As for levels 1, 2, 3 and 4 whilst including

An EHCP may be in place to support the pupil
A range of appropriate professionals are actively involved

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate:

As for Level 1,2,3 and 4 whilst also including:

Pupil accesses specialist (in most cases offsite or hub led) SEMH provision

Grouping:

 A placement/environment that ensures the safety of the individual and others

Resources:

 Requires constant therapeutic intervention and likely to require some hospitalisation with access to a range of appropriate multi agency support and strategies.

There is agreement from Outside Agency professionals, Local Authority representatives and staff that the pupil requires access to specialist provision for their SEMH needs.

Additional specialist support should be sought from:

Local Authority SEND Manager

Primary Inclusion Panel EPS drop in / group / direct work

Early Years Inclusion Team

Learning Support Teacher

SALT

MAST

GP

CAMHS

Locality SENCo Networks Professionals offering therapeutic services

Home and Hospital education

Staff training is specific towards the pupil's needs

Mainstream setting has a detrimental effect on health and well-being		
Increasing patterns of behaviour which place themselves or others at risk of serious harm e.g. Use of weapons to harm or threaten		
Violence towards peers and staff		
Self-harm		
Severe and sustained targeting of peers and peer groups		
Refusal to communicate		
Significantly withdrawn		

4. Sensory and/or Physical Needs

A: Visual Impairment

NB - The professional judgement of a Qualified Teacher of Visual Impairment should be applied as necessary to decide on the classification of the visual impairment. For example a pupil may have a mild reduction in visual acuity but be functioning within a different visual category due to an additional ophthalmic condition e.g. nystagmus, visual field reduction, cerebral visual impairment, and/or additional learning difficulties.

e.g. nystagmus, visual field reduction, cerebral visual impairment, and/or additional learning difficulties.			
Universal Descriptor	Identification	Teaching and Learning	
Level 1	and	Strategies, Resources and Physical Er	nvironment
	Assessment		
The pupil is diagnosed as having mild vis needed to the presentation of materials.		of 6/12 to 6/8). The pupil can access whole class learning with sons will need to be considered.	some modifications
Vision loss is classified mild with acuities with the range 6/12 to 6/18	School may notice difficulties and recommend a vision assessment through the optician	 Adjustments to Teaching Methods: Staff should consider and implement as appropriate: Attention will need to be paid to glasses wear, seating position in classroom and clear presentation of visual learning materials. Attention may need to be given to learning environment and reasonable adjustments made. Consideration of seating position Environmental factors such as glare, lighting and blinds are considered Pupil always has own copy of all learning resources which are clear font 14 or above. Advice from specialist teacher is implemented in the classroom Differentiated questioning and explicit language used to explain whole class responses. Exam access arrangements will allow 25% additional time. Annually updated learner profile in place to support full access and inclusion. 	Additional advice and support is available from: An assessment of functional vision will be needed and consultancy from a specialist teacher from the Vision Support Service. Consultancy support from: Vision Support Service

Grouping: • As advised by the VI team Resources: • Learning resources are clear with font 14 or above
 Annual visit from specialist teacher to assess functional vision in school setting, advice given on reasonable adjustments that enables access to all curriculum area. CPD training offer taken up by school to raise awareness of different types of vision impairment and strategies to reduce barriers to learning.

Targeted	Descriptor
Level 2	

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil is diagnosed as having moderate vision loss (within the range of 6/18 to 6/36). The pupil can access whole class learning with some modifications needed to presentation of materials and the use of some resources as directed by the VI team. Environmental considerations will need to be considered.

Vision loss is classified moderate with acuities within the range of 6/18 to 6/36

As for Level 1 whilst including -

Assessment of functional vision and consultancy from a specialist teacher from the Vision Support Service, monitoring of curriculum access by Vision Support Teacher.

Child/Young Person voice Parent/carer voice Outside agencies' advice and recommendations Assess, Plan, Do, Review

A monitoring system should be in place to assess CYP need, identify outcomes, implement support and As for Level 1 whilst also including-

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate

- Attention will need to be paid to glasses wear, seating position in classroom and clear presentation of visual learning materials.
- May require assessment and advice from habilitation specialist, and a short programme of mobility training at transition points.
- Attention will need to be given to learning environment and reasonable adjustments made.
- Consideration of seating position
- Environmental factors such as glare, lighting and blinds are considered
- Pupil always has own copy of all learning resources which are clear font 14 or above.
- Advice from specialist teacher is implemented in the classroom
- Positive learning environment that encourages pupil confidence to use low vision aids such as magnifier.
- Differentiated questioning and explicit language used to explain whole class responses.
- Awareness that a CYP may need more time to complete tasks and that equality of access may mean that they need to do some things differently.

Additional advice and support is available from:

Vision Support

Learning support

monitor and e progress.	 Flexibility of groupings allows for buddy support / good role models / focused teaching. Exam access arrangements will include 25% additional time, and may include enlarged test paper, Use of low tech equipment such as magnifier, enlarged protractor or sloping board.
	Grouping: • As advised by the VI team
	Resources: Learning resources are clear with font 14 or above Low vision aids such as a magnifier
	Support provided by the VI team: Annual visit from specialist teacher to assess functional vision in school setting, advice given on reasonable adjustments that enables access to all curriculum areas. CPD training offer taken up by school to raise awareness of different types of vision impairment and strategies to reduce barriers to learning.

_	1		
Bespoke Descriptor	Identification	Teaching and Learning	
Level 3	and	Strategies, Resources and Physical E	nvironment
	Assessment		
The pupil is diagnosed as having	ng moderate to se	evere vision loss (within the range of 6/36 to 6/	60). The pupil
needs to use assistive technological	ogy to enable acc	ess to the curriculum. The pupil accesses sho	rt programmes of
habilitation training where nece	essary to ensure a	age related levels of independence are maintai	ined.
Vision loss classified as moderate/severe. Visual acuities within range of 6/36 and 6/60	As for Level 1 and 2 whilst including -	As for Level 1 and 2 whilst including -	Additional advice and support is available
visual aculties within range of 0/30 and 0/00	Regular assessment of functional vision, monitoring of progress and access to all curriculum areas by a Vision Support Teacher. Targeted intervention programmes may be necessary to develop skills in visual aspects of school curriculum and specialist curriculum. Child/Young Person voice (may include a structured conversation). Multi agency planning, Outside Agency advice and recommendations	 Adjustments to Teaching Methods: Staff should consider and implement as appropriate: All of above but may also need assistive technology to access everyday learning tasks and or large print learning resources to enable full access to curriculum. Differentiation may be necessary taking into account pace of learning and visual presentation of learning materials. Will require assessment and advice from Habilitation Specialist, and may need programme of mobility training. Environmental audit necessary to assess accessibility of school environment. Teaching approaches place an emphasis on independent learning. Consideration of seating position ICT equipment may enhance access to learning e.g. IPad linked to interactive whiteboard or enlarged print electronic resources on iPad or kindle. Environmental factors such as glare, lighting and blinds are considered Pupil always has own copy of all learning resources which are clear and produced in specified font Advice from specialist teacher is implemented in the classroom 	Vison Support Service Learning support Educational Psychology Service

are followed

Access arrangements
considered
Assess, Plan, Do,
Review using SEN
Documents regularly
reviewed
A My Plan may be in
place to draw togethe
information, advice,
aspirations and
planned outcomes

- Positive learning environment that encourages pupil confidence to use low vision aids such as magnifier or specialist ICT.
- Differentiated questioning and explicit language used to explain whole class responses.
- Awareness that a pupil may need more time to complete tasks and that equality of access may mean that they need to do some things differently.
- Flexibility of groupings allows for buddy support / good role models / focused teaching.
- Pupils are taught strategies and provided with resources to assist with the development of independent learning
- Exam access arrangements will include 25% additional time, and may include enlarged test paper, Use of low tech equipment such as magnifier, enlarged protractor or sloping board or use of ICT.

Grouping:

As advised by the VI team

Resources

- Assistive technology used to access curriculum tasks.
- Large print resources
- Access to ICT such as an IPad linked to the interactive whiteboard
- Resources to develop independent living skills as directed by the VI team.

Support provided by the VI Teams:

- Half termly visits from specialist teacher to assess and advise on access to all curriculum areas. Service provide assistive technology when appropriate to support independent access to curriculum. Short programme of work to deliver an area of specialist curriculum.
- Mobility assessment where necessary and short programme of habilitation training where necessary to

ensure age related levels of independence are maintained. • CPD training offer taken up by school to raise awareness of different types of vision impairment and strategies to reduce barriers to learning.
CPD training offered to SENCOs to ensure collaboration and understanding of how Service and school can support pupil to progress and develop efficient ways of working

Bespoke	Descriptor
Level 4	

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil is diagnosed as having profound vision loss (within visual acuities of 6/60 and 6/120). The pupil will require significant adaptations of materials and assistive technology to enable access to the curriculum. The pupil will require formal ongoing instruction to enable them to live as independently as possible, as directed by the VI team.

Vision loss is classified as profound with visual acuities of 6/60 to 6/120

As for Level 1, 2 and 3 whilst including –

VI specific bespoke Support Plan likely

Child/Young Person voice Parent/carer voice (may include a structured conversation). Outside agencies' advice and recommendations followed A My Plan or EHCP may be in place to recognise the pupil's needs and provision required to meet them Consider Access arrangements

Multi agency planning

As for Level 1, 2 and 3 whilst including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate:

- All of the above but will also need adaptation and modification of every day learning resources for all subjects into appropriate medium (i.e. large print, braille)
- Formal ongoing instruction in the development of mobility and orientation skills and independence training is necessary.
- Teaching of long cane skills may be required. Staff in the school will need appropriate training.
- May need specialist support in some areas of the curriculum
- Pupil working with large print learning resources that may need additional differentiation to take into account pace of learning.
- Good communication needed on lesson planning and assessment between classroom teacher and Vision Support Teacher to ensure access to all aspects of learning.
- Flexibility of groupings allows for buddy support / good role models / focused teaching.
- Differentiated questioning and explicit language used to explain whole class responses.
- Awareness that a student may need more time to complete tasks and that equality of access may mean that they need to do some things differently.
- ICT equipment that ensures access to learning in a way that does not disadvantage the CYP. E.g. IPad linked to interactive whiteboard or enlarged print electronic resources on iPad,

Additional advice and support is available from:

Vison Support Service

Educational Psychology Service

Special Educational Needs Team

An integrated resource provision may be used to support the pupil

- student using iPad or laptop with speech software to record written work.
- Environmental factors such as glare, lighting and blinds are considered
- Pupil always has own copy of all learning resources which are clear and produced in specified font
- Facilitate social skills to create opportunities for peer to peer interaction

Grouping:

As advised by the VI team

Resources

- Large print or possible use of braille used at all times
- Resources to develop independent living skills as directed by the VI team
- ICT equipment that ensures access to learning in a way that
 does not disadvantage the pupil. E.g. IPad linked to interactive
 whiteboard or enlarged print electronic resources on iPad,
 student using iPad or laptop with speech software to record
 written work.

Support provided by the VI team

- Weekly visits from Specialist teacher to assess functional vision, advise on inclusive teaching strategies and delivery of intervention teaching to ensure CYP is developing effective strategies and skills to access learning and make adequate progress in all curriculum areas. Additional specialist support may be necessary to reinforce use of specialist skills.
 Specialist teaching assistants working under direction of Specialist Teacher.
- Provision and training of assistive technology and modified, adapted large print curriculum resources. Peer awareness sessions offered to ensure peer group support.

	 Mobility assessment and short programme of habilitation training where necessary to ensure age related levels of independence are maintained in independent living skills and independent mobility/travel. CPD training offer taken up by school to raise awareness of different types of vision impairment and strategies to reduce barriers to learning. Bespoke training offered around creating Vision Friendly Classroom, using assistive technology and exam access. CPD training offered to SENCOs to ensure collaboration and understanding of how Service and school can support pupil to progress and develop efficient ways of working. 	
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Bespoke	Descriptor
Level 5	

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil is diagnosed as having profound vision loss (with equities less than 6/120). The pupil's needs require access to a specialist setting to teach a specialist curriculum. The pupil will access specialist multisensory resources to teach curriculum subjects. The pupil will need ongoing formal instructions in the development of mobility, orientation and independent living skills. Adults will support as necessary to meet health and safety needs and risk management.

Vision loss is classified as profound with equities less than 6/120

As for Level 1, 2, 3 and 4 whilst including

Child/Young Person voice
Parent/carer voice
Outside agencies' advice and recommendations
Consider Access arrangements
Multi agency planning
Assess, Plan, Do,
Review
'Closing the gap' document

A monitoring system should be in place to assess CYP need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress.

A My Plan or EHCP may be in place to recognise the pupil's As for Level 1, 2, 3 and 4 whilst including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate:

- All of the above and will also
- Regular consultation with Vision Support Teacher about delivery of curriculum to ensure pupil can fully access all curriculum areas. Personalised differentiation and adaptation to all areas of curriculum, with high levels of specialist teaching and support.
- Require braille or MOON, tactile diagrams, 3D representations, concrete objects and experiences, and multi-sensory learning materials to access the curriculum.
- Will need ongoing formal intensive instruction in the development of mobility and orientation skills and independence training.
- Teaching of long cane skills is essential. Staff in the school will need appropriate training
- High level of adult specialist support necessary to enable access to all aspects of curriculum and school life including health and safety and risk management.
- Pupil working with braille and tactile learning resources that will need additional differentiation to take into account pace of learning.
- Good communication needed on lesson planning and assessment between classroom teacher and Vision support Teacher to ensure access to all aspects of learning

Additional advice and support is available from:

A resourced provision detailed in VI specific personalised Support Plan may be used to support the pupil

A placement in an Integrated Resource Provision (Secondary) may be used to support the pupil

Vison Support Service

Educational Psychology Service

Special Educational Needs Team

needs and provision
required to meet them
Planned regular, i.e. at
least termly reviews
including the parent
and pupil should take
place

- Flexibility of groupings allows for buddy support / good role models / focused teaching
- Differentiated questioning and explicit language used to explain whole class responses.
- Awareness that a pupil may need more time to complete tasks and that equality of access may mean that they need to do some things differently.
- ICT equipment that ensures access to learning in a way that does not disadvantage the CYP. Eg braille notetaker, laptop with screen reader software, penfriend voice recorder)
- Intervention teaching from Qualified Specialist teacher to teach specialist skills alongside mainstream curriculum.
- Specialist TA support in class to facilitate access, inclusion and independent learning opportunities.
- Facilitate social skills to create opportunities for peer to peer interaction

Grouping:

Likely to be accessing a specialist setting.

Resources

- Use of braille or MOON, tactile diagrams, 3D representations, concrete objects and experiences, and multi-sensory learning materials to access the curriculum.
- Resources to develop independent living skills as directed by the VI team
- ICT equipment that ensures access to learning in a way that does not disadvantage the CYP. Eg braille notetaker, laptop with screen reader software, penfriend voice recorder)

Support from the VI team:

 Resources provision in local mainstream school or integrated resource provision at Tapton Secondary School. Weekly teaching from specialist teacher to teach specialist curriculum that enables access and progress within mainstream curriculum. Daily specialist support to enable full inclusion and access to learning, social and extra-curricular activities.

 Provision and training of assistive technology and modified, adapted braille and tactile curriculum resources. Peer awareness sessions offered to ensure peer group support. Mobility assessment and long term programme of habilitation training where necessary to ensure age related levels of independence are maintained in independent living skills and independent mobility/travel. CPD training offer taken up by school to raise awareness of different types of vision impairment and strategies to reduce barriers to learning. Bespoke training offered around creating Vision Friendly Classroom, using assistive technology and exam access. CPD training offered to SENCOs to ensure collaboration and understanding of how Service and school can support pupil to 	
progress and develop efficient ways of working.	

4. Sensory and/or Physical Needs

B: Hearing Impairment

NB - The professional judgement of a Qualified Teacher of the Deaf should be applied to decide on the implications of a hearing impairment/Deafness. For example a pupil may have a moderate to severe hearing loss but be functioning within a different hearing category due to individual communication and access needs and/or additional learning difficulties.

Universal	Descriptor
Level 1	

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil has a classified hearing loss (see descriptor below). The pupil's needs can be met through access to whole class learning but they may require low level modification to the presentation of materials. Environmental considerations may also need to be considered.

Hearing loss classified as mild with unaided threshold between $0-30\ dBHL$, or mild conductive $0-40\ dBHL$, or an asymmetrical conductive loss. Temporary condition, or history of conductive hearing problems.

NATSIP Criteria ≤ 20

School may notice difficulties and recommend a hearing assessment through the GP

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

- Attention will need to be paid to seating position in classroom and the listening environment
- Wave 1 (Quality First Teaching) with a specific consideration for children with hearing impairment
- Consideration of seating position
- Consideration of environmental factors that promote good listening and watching conditions
- Consistent use of any audiological equipment provided
- Advice from specialist teacher is implemented in the classroom

Support provided by the HI team:

- One-off advice from specialist teacher to assess functional hearing in school setting, advice given on reasonable adjustments that enables access to all curriculum areas
- CPD training offer taken up by school to raise awareness of different types of hearing impairment and strategies to reduce barriers to learning

Additional advice and support is available from:

Consultancy support from the Service for Deaf and Hearing Impaired Children

Targeted Descripto Level 2	

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil has a classified hearing loss (see descriptor below). The pupil's needs are met through access to whole class learning with some modifications needed to the presentation of materials and the use of some resources as directed by the HI team. Environmental considerations will also be considered.

A hearing loss is classified as mild sensorineural, with unaided threshold between 21 – 40 dBHL, or unilateral, with hearing loss in excess of 60dBHL in the worse ear.

NATSIP Criteria score 21-34

As for Level 1 whilst also including -

Child/Young Person voice
Parent/carer voice
Outside agencies' advice and recommendations
Assess, Plan, Do, Review
A monitoring system should be in place to assess CYP need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress

Updated learner profile in place to support full access and inclusion

As for Level 1 whilst also including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

- Attention will need to be paid to seating position in classroom and the listening environment
- Attention will need to be paid to use of audiological equipment
- Wave 1 (Quality First Teaching) with a specific consideration for children with hearing impairment
- Consideration of environmental factors that promote good listening and watching conditions
- Advice from specialist teacher is implemented in the classroom

Resources:

Consistent use of any audiological equipment provided

Support provided by the HI team:

- CPD training offer taken up by school to raise awareness of different types of hearing impairment and strategies to reduce barriers to learning
- Annual visit from specialist teacher to assess functional hearing in school setting, advice given on reasonable adjustments that enables access to all curriculum areas

Additional advice and support is available from:

Consultancy support from the Service for Deaf and Hearing Impaired Children

Bespoke Descriptor	Identification	Teaching and Learning	
Level 3	and	Strategies, Resources and Physical E	nvironment
		pupil's needs are met through the use of assistive technology to	
Hearing loss is classified as moderate with unaided threshold 41-70 dBHL NATSIP Criteria score 35 - 59	As for Level 1 and 2 whilst including - Child/Young Person voice Parent/carer voice Outside agencies' advice and recommendations A monitoring system should be in place to assess CYP need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress A My Plan may be in place to support the pupil	As for Level 1 and 2 whilst including - Adjustments to Teaching Methods: • Attention will need to be paid to use of audiological equipment – they may require a radio aid to access learning in mainstream classes • Differentiation may be necessary taking into account pace of learning, language levels, and the requirement for visual aids • Consideration of seating position • Consideration of environmental factors that promote good listening and watching conditions • Advice from specialist teacher is implemented in the classroom • Awareness that a pupil may need more time to complete tasks and that equality of access may mean that they need to do some things differently Grouping: • Flexibility of groupings allows for buddy support / good role models / focused teaching	Additional advice and support is available from: Advice and support provided by the Service for Deaf and Hearing Impaired Children,(may include provision of a radio aid) Educational Psychology Service Early Years Inclusion Team Speech & Language Therapy Learning Support Teacher

• Consistent and appropriate use of any audiological equipment provided (may include a radio aid)

• Use of visual aids to support new learning

Resources:

Use of subtitles for any video content of lessons	
 Use of subtitles for any video content of lessons May be eligible for exam access arrangements Support provided by the HI team: Termly or half termly monitoring visits from specialist teacher to assess functional hearing in school setting, and monitor language development. Advice given on reasonable adjustments that enables access to all curriculum areas Assessment of suitability for assistive technology (e.g. radio aid) and provision if appropriate CPD training offer taken up by school to raise awareness of different types of hearing impairment and strategies to 	
reduce barriers to learning	

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil has a classified hearing loss (see descriptor below). The pupil's needs are met through the use of significant adaptations of materials and assistive technology to enable access to the curriculum. The pupil will require formal ongoing instruction to enable them to live as independently as possible, as directed by the HI team.

Hearing loss is classified as severe with unaided threshold 71-95 dBHL,

and/or

NATSIP Criteria score 60 – 75.

As for Level 1, 2 and 3 whilst including -

Child/Young Person voice
Parent/carer voice
Outside agencies' advice and recommendations
A monitoring system should be in place to assess CYP need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress

A My Plan or EHCP may be in place to support the pupil As for Level 1, 2 and 3 whilst including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

- Communication may include the use of sign supported English (SSE) and finger spelling
- Attention will need to be paid to use of audiological equipment
- Differentiation will be required across the curriculum
- Wave 1 and 2 plus Wave 3 interventions, with a specific consideration for pupils with hearing impairment needs
- Teaching approaches place emphasis on independent learning
- Regular consultation with Teacher of the Deaf about delivery of curriculum to ensure the pupil can fully access all curriculum areas
- Teaching that takes into account language delay: a targeted approach to teaching new vocabulary; breaking down information into smaller chunks; repeating and rephrasing information; checking understanding through careful questioning
- Literacy teaching to take into account CYP's ability to hear specific speech sounds and the need for a holistic approach to teaching reading

Grouping:

 Opportunities provided for pupil to work one-to-one or in a small group in a quiet listening environment Additional advice and support is available from:

Advice, support and provided by the Service for Deaf and Hearing Impaired Children – will include regular teaching from a Teacher of the Deaf, provision of a radio aid and may include specialist TA support Educational Psychology Service

Early Years Inclusion Team

Speech & Language Therapy

Learning Support Teacher

Resources:

- May require a radio aid to access learning in mainstream classes
- Consistent and appropriate use of any audiological equipment provided (may include a radio aid), including a programme of regular equipment checks
- Use of visual and practical aids to support new learning
- Use of subtitles for any video content of lessons
- Advice from specialist teacher is implemented in the classroom
- Exam access arrangements additional time, 'live' speaker for any speaking and listening elements

Support provided by the HI team:

- A programme of direct teaching planned by specialist teacher, delivered fortnightly or weekly by specialist teacher or teaching assistant, to promote and support language development
- May include use of sign language to support the learning of new vocabulary
- Provision and maintenance of a radio aid system
- CPD training offer taken up by school to raise awareness of different types of hearing impairment, language development implications, and strategies to reduce barriers to learning
- CPD training in day to day checking and trouble-shooting of problems with audiological equipment
- CPD to encourage a sign language friendly school environment (as appropriate)

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil has a classified hearing loss (see descriptor below). The pupil's needs require access to a specialist setting to teach a specialist curriculum. The pupil will access specialist multisensory resources to teach curriculum subjects. The pupil will need ongoing formal instruction in the development of mobility, orientation and independent living skills. Adults will support as necessary to meet health and safety needs and areas identified through risk management procedures.

Hearing loss is classified as severe with unaided threshold 71-95 dBHL, or profound with unaided threshold in excess of 95 dBHL.

Evidence of language delay

NATSIP Criteria score 75 +

As for Levels 1, 2, 3
and 4 whilst including Child/Young Person
voice
Parent/carer voice
Outside agencies'
advice and
recommendations
A monitoring system
should be in place to
assess CYP need,
identify outcomes,
implement support and
monitor and evaluate
progress

An EHCP may be in place to support the pupil

As for Levels 1, 2, 3 and 4 whilst including – **Adjustments to Teaching Methods:**

- Communication may include the use of sign supported English (SSE), British Sign Language (BSL) and finger spelling
- Considerable differentiation of all curriculum areas
- Access to staff with sign language skills as appropriate
- Wave 1 and 2 plus Wave 3 interventions, with a specific consideration for pupils with hearing impairment needs
- Regular consultation with Teacher of the Deaf about delivery of curriculum to ensure pupil can fully access all curriculum areas
- Teaching approaches place emphasis on independent learning
- A programme of direct teaching planned by specialist teacher, delivered by specialist teacher or teaching assistant, to promote and support language development.
- PHSE programmes that promote a positive sense of identity as a hearing impaired /Deaf young person (e.g. NDCS Healthy Minds, Personal Understanding of Deafness programme)

Resources:

- A high level of adult support for learning, health and safety and risk management
- In-class support from a specialist teacher or teaching assistant, which may include SSE or BSL

Additional advice and support is available from:

Advice, support and provided by the Service for Deaf and Hearing Impaired Children – will include regular teaching from a Teacher of the Deaf, provision of a radio aid, specialist TA support, access to the Educational Audiologist Educational Psychology Early Years Inclusion Team Speech and Language Therapy

Learning Support Teacher

Support provided by the HI team:
Provision and maintenance of a radio aid system
CPD training offer taken up by school to raise awareness of
different types of hearing impairment, language development
implications, and strategies to reduce barriers to learning
CPD training in day to day checking and trouble-shooting of
problems with audiological equipment
CPD to encourage a sign language friendly school
environment (as appropriate).

4. Sensory and/or Physical Needs

C: Physical

NB - The professional judgement of a Qualified Health Practitioner (e.g. Physiotherapist or Occupational Therapist) should be applied as necessary to decide on the level of physical need. When a pupil is known to Sheffield Children's NHS Foundation Trust Physiotherapist or Occupational Therapist Team they will provide a level of need against the Exemplification Grid.

It is important that all parties explore the impact of a pupil's physical needs against other areas of the Exemplification Grid and vice versa.

Universal Descriptor Level 1	Identification and Assessment	Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environ	nment
Level 1		Minimal impact on daily functioning. The pupil's needs can be read adults to Teaching Methods: School staff should consider and implement as appropriate: • Adults direct child to practice motor activities • Whole class teaching, with targeted adult support • Pencil skills programmes e.g. Write from the Start (Teordorescu) • Generic fine motor programmes e.g. Dough Disco Physical Environment: Access to activities/equipment which promote: • Fine motor development e.g. beads, pegs, Lego, scissors • Gross motor development e.g. outdoor play equipment, bikes, scooters, PE equipment	
With practice and/or appropriate intervention difficulties will be rectified		 Access to life skill orientated learning, e.g. dressing up, cutlery Resources: Pencil grips Easi-grip scissors 	

Targeted Descriptor Level 2

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil may have a diagnosed mild motor disorder or delayed motor development. The pupil's needs are met through Quality First Teaching within the classroom, as well as the use of targeted strategies and school led interventions. In the case where a pupil has a mild diagnosed physical disorder they may have infrequent or historical involvement from a Physiotherapist or Occupational Therapist.

NB. Cerebral Palsy GMFCS Level 1

Mild-moderate difficulties with fine or gross (or both) motor skills.

E.g. Delay in pencil skills or untidy handwriting. Weak PE skills, pupil is uncoordinated, but there are no safety risks.

Mild-moderate delay in development of motor skills

Examples of diagnoses

Cerebral Palsy GMFCS level 1

Can walk indoors and outdoors and climb stairs without using hands for support

Can perform usual activities such as running and jumping

Has decreased speed, balance and coordination

As for Level 1 whilst including -Tansy handwriting assessment DASH handwriting assessment (older children) One Page Profile / Learner Profile Parent/Carer voice (may include a structured conversation) The pupil may be part of an Assess, Plan, Do, Review cycle in order to assess their need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress

As for Level 1 whilst including -

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

- Staff should consider and implement as appropriate
- Adults direct child to targeted motor activities
- Whole class teaching, with TA support for targeted intervention

Grouping:

School prescribed intervention groups

- Pencil skills programmes e.g. Write from the Start (Teordorescu)
- Targeted fine motor programmes to work specifically on child's hand skills
- Targeted gross motor programme to work specifically on pupil's particular gross motor difficulties

Resources:

- Pencil grips
- Easi-grip scissors
- Sloped work surface
- Movin' sit cushion
- Laptop/tablet

Additional advice and support is available from:

(May have had) initial assessment from Physio/OT clinics at The Ryegate Children's Hospital

The pupil may not have ongoing input from a Physiotherapist / Occupational Therapist or only periodic reviews

Cerebral Palsy MACS level 1	Support provided by the Physiotherapy / Occupational	
Handles objects easily and successfully Limitations in the ease of performing manual tasks requiring speed and accuracy Any limitations in manual abilities do not restrict independence in daily activities	Therapy team: • Informal advice	
Mild/borderline for Developmental Coordination Disorder (DCD, commonly known as dyspraxia) Movement ABC-2 score on 5-15 th percentile.		
Early Stage Duchene Muscular Dystrophy (DMD) Still independently mobile		
Mild Erb's Palsv		

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil has a moderate motor impairment (disordered motor skills) and significantly impair their ability to participate in many aspects of school and social life / leisure activities. The pupil's needs are met through a combination of approaches which include small group interventions and 1:1 individualised support (in and out of the classroom). The interventions, support and adaptations in place follow advice / support from NHS professionals as appropriate.

NB. GMFCS Level 2 (independently mobile) or 3 (might need the use of an aid) Mobility May be independently mobile / have an abnormal walking pattern / slower than peers at walking / need an aid to support walking / may need a wheelchair for longer distances due to fatigue

Seating May need an adapted school chair e.g. Fox Denton, Movin' Sit cushion

Splints May wear splints on leg(s) or arm / hand or both

Cerebral Palsy GMFCS level 2

Can climb stairs with a railing Has difficulty with uneven surfaces inclines or in crowds

Has only minimal ability to run or jump

Cerebral Palsy GMFCS level 3

Walks with assistive mobility devices indoors and outdoors on level surfaces May be able to climb stairs using a railing May propel a manual wheelchair and need assistance for long distances or uneven surfaces

NB: where there is good parent/carer support, minimal disruption, easy access environment, experienced staff etc. If a

As for Level 1 and 2 whilst including -Assessment of mobility around school by Physiotherapist or Occupational Therapist Risk assessment assessing the pupil's safety in free flow and other environments Multi agency planning, Outside Agency advice and recommendations are followed Access arrangements considered Multi agency planning Assess, Plan, Do. Review using SEN Documents regularly reviewed A My Plan may be in place to draw together information, advice, aspirations and planned outcomes

As for Level 1 and 2 whilst including – Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate:

- Likely to require modification/differentiation to tasks to enable access to aspects of the curriculum
- Whole class teaching but with regular and focused individual support which aim to develop the pupil's skills and independence

Grouping:

A programme of support planned by Physiotherapist or Occupational Therapist, may include access to activities / equipment which have been advised by child's therapist for:

- Fine motor development
- Gross motor development
- Life skills

Resources:

Equipment to support child e.g. pencil grips, easi-grip scissors, laptop / tablet, sloped work surface, cushion for seat, foot box, adapted class chair etc

Additional advice and support is available from:

Assessment from Physiotherapist or Occupational Therapist with report and programme provided for the pupil

Learning Support Teacher

Educational Psychology Service drop in consultation / group consultation

child needs adaptations to the environment e.g. lift, move to level 4.		
Cerebral Palsy MACS level 3 III. Handles objects with difficulty; needs help to prepare and/or modify activities. The performance is slow and achieved with limited success regarding quality and quantity. Activities are performed independently if set up or adapted.		
Severe Developmental Coordination Disorder (DCD) Movement ABC-2 score <5 th percentile Significant difference between measured level of intelligence and motor performance.		

Identification and Assessment

Teaching and Learning Strategies, Resources and Physical Environment

The pupil has a severe motor impairment and uses a wheelchair some/all of the time. They need adult help to change their position, e.g. wheelchair to class chair, wheelchair to toilet, to stand and turn, or may need to use a hoist. The child will have involvement of Physiotherapy or Occupational Teams (or both). Their needs are met through a highly personalised timetable in school using specialist equipment and training, planned in conjunction with appropriate Outside Agency Practitioners.

NB. GMFCS Level 4 Cerebral Palsy GMFCS level III

Walks with assistive mobility devices indoors and outdoors on level surfaces May be able to climb stairs using a railing

May propel a manual wheelchair and need assistance for long distances or uneven surfaces

NB: Level 4 in the GRID where there are significant changes for the young person e.g. periods of rapid growth, surgery, transition, family events. The education environment is more complex and requires adaptations. The CYP has significant potential to improve / deteriorate without adult intervention.

Cerebral Palsy GMFCS level IV

Walking ability severely limited even with assistive devices
Uses wheelchairs most of the time and may propel own power wheelchair Standing transfers, with or without assistance

As for Level 1, 2 and 3 whilst including — Physiotherapist / Occupational Therapist and other involved professional reports and assessments e.g. Locke & Beech, PIVATS, B Squared A My Plan or EHCP may be in place to recognise the pupil's needs and provision required to meet them

Adjustments to Teaching Methods:

Staff should consider and implement as appropriate:

Grouping:

- Daily individual support to work on modified curriculum.
- Therapy programmes as advised by PT/OT

Physical Environment:

Adaptations to physical environment as advised by OT

Resources:

- Specialist seating
- Aids and Equipment
 e.g. laptop/tablet/alternative recording device, specialist
 cutlery, changing plinth, manual handling aids

Mobility

- Uses a wheelchair some/all of the time to move around school.
- Adult help to change position, and/or from one piece of equipment to another. E.g. when toileting, transitioning from specialist seating to wheelchair

PΕ

Needs adult support to access PE and a differentiated programme.

Seating

May need a specialist school chair (in addition to wheelchair).

Additional advice and support is available from:

Assessment from Physiotherapist or Occupational Therapist with report and programme provided for the pupil

Learning Support Teacher

Educational
Psychology Service
drop in consultation /
group consultation

Cerebral Palsy MACS level IV	Splints	
Handles a limited selection of easily	May wear splints on leg(s) or arm/hand or both	
managed objects in adapted situations.		
Performs parts of activities with effort	Functional Skills	
and with limited success.	Needs adult help with tasks such as dressing, feeding, toileting due to	
Requires continuous support and	motor impairment	
assistance and/or adapted equipment,		
for even partial achievement of the	Recording	
activity.	May need to use assistive technology e.g. laptop, tablet, eye gaze,	
	switches	
Young person with Duchene Muscular		
Dystrophy who can no longer walk, but		
has some upper limb function.		

Bespoke Descriptor	Identification	Teaching and Learning	
Level 5	and	Strategies, Resources and Physical Env	ironment
	Assessment		
		ect their whole body. The pupil is dependent on a wheelchair and rec	
		ded seat, assistive technology and wheelchair. They have Physiother	rapy / Occupational
		ialised provision and timetable in a specialist setting.	
Cerebral Palsy GMFCS level V	As for Level 1, 2, 3	As for Level 1, 2, 3 and 4 whilst including –	Additional advice
Has physical impairments that restrict	and 4 whilst including		and support is
voluntary control of movement	-	There is agreement between professionals (e.g. Educational	available from:
Ability to maintain head and neck		Psychology Service, Locality SENCO, Local Authority SEND	
position against gravity restricted	An EHCP may be in	Manager, Health Practitioners etc.) that the pupil's needs and	My Plan / EHCP
Impaired in all areas of motor function	place to recognise the	provision in place constitute a Level 5.	
 Cannot sit or stand independently, 	pupil's needs and		Possibly resourced
even with adaptive equipment	provision required to	Adjustments to Teaching Methods:	provision detailed in
Cannot independently walk but may be	meet them	Staff should consider and implement as appropriate:	specific personalised
able to use powered mobility			plan
		Mobility Uses a wheelchair all of the time to move around school and	
MACS level V Does not handle objects and has		requires hoisting from one piece of equipment to another	Possible placement in Integrated Resource
severely limited ability to perform even simple actions		Seating May need a specialist school chair (in addition to wheelchair)	Provision (Secondary)
		Splints May wear splints on leg(s) or arm/hand or both	
Requires total assistance			
		Functional Skills Dependent on an adult for all tasks such as	
		dressing, feeding, toileting due to motor impairment	
		Recording May be able to use high-tech assistive technology for recording work	

Sensory and/or Physical Needs D: Medical Funding Access to the Curriculum **Description of needs Teaching and Learning Strategies** Levels and Examples of Support Modification may be needed in A **minor** diagnosed Wave 1 (Quality First Teaching) with a specific consideration for children with **SEN Support** 1 some areas of school life. medical condition medical needs. The class/subject teacher is accountable for the progress of the CYP within the mainstream class, predominantly working on modified curriculum Consultancy support from: Health Care Plan in place Medication may be required during the school day. Within private, voluntary, independent and childminder settings (PVICs), the School Health manager is accountable for the progress of the child within the setting, Early Years Inclusion Attendance affected because predominantly working on differentiated activities. Team of ill health/medical needs. S2S Wave 1 (Quality First Teaching) meets the needs of all pupils and includes: Flexible grouping arrangements. Possible involvement from Increased differentiation of activities and materials by design Hospital and Home Education. Awareness that a CYP may need more time to complete tasks and that equality of access may mean that they need to do some things differently. Cover arrangements and briefing for supply teachers Risk assessments for school visits, holidays, and other school activities outside of the normal timetable support to meet the CYP resulting needs (e.g. medication, treatments, access to food or drink, environment issues) Monitoring CYP healthcare plans Flexible teaching to manage absence (i.e. for treatment appointments) Resources and displays that support independence. Routine feedback A monitoring system should be in place to assess CYP need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress.

	2	School life may need to be modified and/or differentiated. Health Care Plan in place	A diagnosed established and controlled medical condition. Medication may be required during the school day. Attendance affected because of ill health/medical needs.	 As above Wave 1(Quality First teaching) plus Wave 2 interventions: Mainstream class with regular targeted small group support On-going opportunities for individual support focused on specific targets with reinforcement in whole class activities to aid transfer of skills Flexibility of groupings allows for buddy support Advice from external agencies is implemented in the classroom There may be need for very structured and multi-sensory approaches to learning. The teacher takes take responsibility for supporting others to devise deliver and evaluate a personalised programme that accelerates learning. (Within PVICs the Area SENco advises and supports practitioners to devise, deliver and evaluate a personalised programme that accelerates learning) Pupils are taught strategies and provided with resources to assist with the development of independent learning. A monitoring system should be in place to assess CYP need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress, for example an IEP or One Page Profile. 	Consultancy / advice and guidance from health professionals Consultancy support from: Learning Support Educational Psycholo Early Years Inclusion Team S2S
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3	School life may need to be significantly modified and differentiated. Health Care Plan in place Specialist equipment Appropriate strategies at a school and individual level. May need planned time to develop appropriate emotional responses and coping strategies. Regular access to appropriately trained support. Requires some medical/nursing intervention. A high level of adult support to take a lead role in developing a flexible response from school, including the curriculum.	A diagnosed established medical condition which is not yet fully controlled Medication may be required during the school day. Attendance affected because of ill health/medical needs. Periods of hospitalisation required.	Wave 1 and 2 plus Wave 3 interventions. Teaching approaches place a high emphasis on direct training, very finely graded and practical tasks which provide opportunities for frequent repetition and reinforcement Additional adults support the CYP individually, under the direction of the teacher to: • work on modified curriculum tasks; • access regular individual support • encourage independence • create frequent opportunities for peer to peer interaction • monitor the progress of the CYP using structured methods • access programmes of support as advised by the paediatric therapy teams A monitoring system should be in place to assess CYP need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress, for example an IEP or One Page Profile. Planned reviews including the parent and CYP should take place	SEN Support/My Plan Consultancy / advice and guidance from health professionals. Consultancy support from:
4	Access to appropriate multi agency specialist support and adapted curriculum. Health Care Plan in place	A constant severe medical condition, which has effects on day-to- day functioning, requiring specialist intervention	Wave 1 and 2 plus Wave 3 interventions. Teaching approaches place a high emphasis on direct training, very finely graded and practical tasks which provide opportunities for frequent repetition and reinforcement Additional adults support the CYP individually, under the direction of the teacher to:	MyPlan/EHC Plan Possible involvement of: • Educational Psychology • Early Years Inclusion
	Specialist equipment		work on significantly modified curriculum tasks;	Team

	Consideration given to an environment that ensures the safe emotional well-being and appropriately trained support of the individual. Requires regular medical/nursing intervention. High level of adult intervention.	Medical procedures needed during the school day. Periods of hospitalisation required.	 access daily individual support encourage independence create opportunities for peer to peer interaction monitor the progress of the CYP using highly structured methods Provide opportunities for CYP to develop independent living skills through access to targeted interventions To provide opportunities for the CYP to engage in community activity Access programmes of support as advised by paediatric therapy services A monitoring system should be in place to assess CYP need, identify outcomes, implement support and monitor and evaluate progress, for example an IEP or One Page Profile. Planned reviews including the parent and CYP should take place 	Health Services and School Health. Access to Occupational Therapy and/or Physiotherapy programmes
5	Health Care Plan in place Special arrangements in place for a curriculum based education appropriate to the ability to gain access to it. Links maintained with mainstream school as appropriate.	A constant severe medical condition, which has profound effects on day-to-day functioning. The condition may be life threatening or life limiting. Specialist intervention is necessary. Unable to attend school Requires daily medical/nursing intervention and specialist equipment	As above through a highly individualised curriculum approach and planned opportunities to access specific individual programmes of support.	EHC Plan Likely resourced provision Possibly Hospital and Home Education provision. Frequent access to Occupational Therapy and/or Physiotherapy visits and programmes implemented on a daily basis. Involvement of: • Educational Psychology • Special Educational Needs Team